



54 Mbps
Wireless
DSL Gateway

Model #: GT701WG
Firmware version: 3.0.1.0.5-GT701-WG
IB: 2.12.04.230

User Manual

Solutions for the Digital Life™

Table of Contents

1	Introduction	1
	Package Contents	1
	Minimum System Requirements	2
	Features	2
	Getting to Know the Gateway	4
2	Setting Up the Gateway	7
	Connecting a Computer to the Gateway	7
	Installing Phone Filters	22
	Setting Up the DSL Connection	28
3	Performing a Basic Setup	33
	Basic Setup	33
	Changing the Admin User Name and Password	36
4	Using Advanced Setup	37
	Accessing Advanced Setup	37
	WAN IP Address	39
	Wireless Settings	44
	Wireless MAC Authentication	47
	Wireless Advanced Settings	48
	LAN IP Address	49
	DHCP Server	49
	Services Blocking	51
	Website Blocking	52
	Remote Management	53
	Port Forwarding	54
	DMZ Hosting	55
	Firewall	56
	Dynamic Routing	56
	NAT (Network Address Translation)	57
	Static Routing	57
	UPnP (Universal Plug and Play)	58
5	Viewing the Gateway's Settings	59
	Status	59
	Routing Table	61
	WAN Status	61
	LAN Status	62
	Active User List	62
6	Using Utilities	63
	Web Activity Log	63
	DSL Settings	64
	Restore Default Settings	64
	Upgrade Firmware	65

7 Setting Up a Network	67
Ethernet	67
USB	72
Wireless	77
8 Troubleshooting	81
Troubleshooting	81
Frequently Asked Questions	82
A Reference	87
Locating Computer Information	87
Locating Windows Operating System Files	88
B Setting Up Static IP on the Computer	91
Windows 98 SE	91
Windows Me	94
Windows 2000	97
Windows XP	101
C Computer Security	107
Comparing DSL Service with a Dial-Up Modem	107
Gateway Security	108
Computer Security	108
Electronic Security	109
D Specifications	111
General	111
Wireless Operating Range	112
LED Indicators	112
Environmental	112
E Glossary	113
F Firewall Security Level Services Table	117
High Security Level	117
Medium Security Level	118
Low Security Level	118
Basic Security Level	119
Service Acronym Definitions	119
G Non-Windows System Setup	121
Classic	121
OS X	123
H Installation Buddy Settings	125
Notices	127
Regulatory Compliance Notices	127
Modifications	127
Miscellaneous Legal Notices	128
Limited Warranty	129

Introduction

Thank you for purchasing the *Actiontec* 54 Mbps Wireless DSL Gateway. The Gateway is the simplest way to connect computers to a high-speed broadband connection. This easy-to-use product is perfect for the home office or small business. If you want to take your computing to the next level, the *Actiontec* 54 Mbps Wireless DSL Gateway is sure to be one of the keys to your success.



Package Contents

- *Actiontec* 54 Mbps Wireless DSL Gateway
- Black bag (includes Power cord and green DSL cable)
- Phone filters
- Yellow (Ethernet) cable
- Purple (USB) cable
- Installation CD
- Quick start guide

Minimum System Requirements

- Active DSL service
- Computer with a 10/100 Mbps Ethernet connection, or USB connection
- Microsoft Windows 98 Second Edition (SE), Windows Millennium Edition (Me), Windows NT 4.0, Windows 2000, Windows XP, Mac OS 7.1 and above

 **Note:** USB LAN port is not supported with Microsoft Windows 95, Windows NT 4.0, or any Mac OS.

- Internet Explorer 4.0 or higher (5.x recommended) or Netscape Navigator 4.0 or higher (4.7 recommended)
- TCP/IP network protocol installed on each computer

Features

- Plug-and-Play installation support for systems with Windows operating systems (98, 98SE, Me, 2000, and XP)
- ADSL WAN port (RJ-11)
- Compliant with full-rate ANSI T1.413 Issue 2, ITU G.992.1 (G.dmt) and G.992.2 (G.lite) standard
- Auto-handshake for different ADSL flavors
- USB 1.1 device specification compliance
- 11 Mbps USB data rate (full speed)
- Bridged Ethernet over ATM, PPP over ATM, PPP over Ethernet
- Precise ATM traffic shaping
- IP packet routing and transparent bridge
- Routing protocol supports RIP-1, RIP-2, static routing
- Built-in NAT, DHCP server

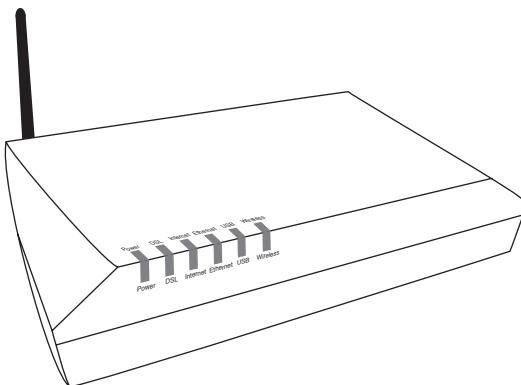
- DNS relay support
- PAP/CHAP authentication, administrative passwords through Telnet
- 64-, 128-, and 256-bit WEP/WPA wireless LAN security
- Compliant with IEEE 802.3 Ethernet standard
- 10/100 Base-T Ethernet port
- Flow control support for Fast Ethernet
- Web-based configuration setup
- Default configuration backup restore
- FTP firmware upgradeable
- Web download support
- 802.11b/g support

Getting to Know the Gateway

This section contains a quick description of the Gateway's lights, ports, etc. The Gateway contains several indicator lights (LEDs) on its front panel and a series of ports on its rear panel.

Front Panel

The front panel of the Gateway features six lights: Power, DSL, Internet, Ethernet, USB, and Wireless.



Power Light

The Power light displays the Gateway's current status. If the Power light glows steadily green, the Gateway is receiving power and fully operational. When the Power light flashes rapidly, the Gateway is initializing. If the Power light is not illuminated when the Power cord is plugged in, the Gateway has suffered a critical error and technical support should be contacted.

DSL Light

The DSL light illuminates when the Gateway is connected to a DSL line.

Internet Light

When the Internet light glows steadily, the Gateway is connected to the DSL provider. When it flashes, the Gateway's built-in DSL modem is training for DSL service.

Ethernet Light

The Ethernet light illuminates when the Gateway is connected via its Ethernet port.

USB Light

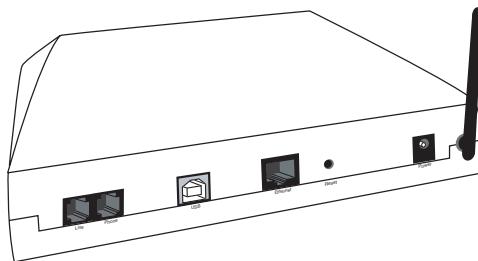
The USB light illuminates when the Gateway is connected via its USB port.

Wireless Light

The Wireless light illuminates when the Gateway is connected wirelessly.

Rear Panel

The rear panel of the Gateway contains five ports (Line, Phone, USB, Ethernet, and Power), as well as a Reset switch.



Line Port

The Line port is used to connect the Gateway to a DSL (Digital Subscriber Line) connection.

Phone Port

The Phone port is used to connect the Gateway to a telephone.

USB Port

The USB port is used to connect a computer to the Gateway via USB cable.

Ethernet Port

The Ethernet port is used to connect a computer to the Gateway via Ethernet cable. The Ethernet port is a 10/100 Mbps auto-sensing port, and either a straight-through or crossover Ethernet cable can be used when connecting to the port.

Reset Switch

Depressing the Reset switch for one or two seconds will power cycle the Gateway (similar to unplugging and then plugging in the Gateway's Power cord). To restore the Gateway's factory default settings, depress and hold the Reset switch for approximately 10 seconds. The reset process will start about 10 seconds after releasing the switch.

Power Port

The Power port is used to connect the Power cord to the Gateway.



Warning: Do not unplug the Power cord from the Gateway's Power port during the reset process. Doing so may result in permanent damage to the Gateway.

Setting Up the Gateway

2

The instructions that follow parallel the steps contained in the Actiontec Installation Buddy®, which provides a visual guide to setting up the Gateway. It is recommended the user run the Installation Buddy first, before attempting any other procedures.

To set up the Gateway, it must be connected to a computer, and then configured. After connecting this first computer, other computers can be added to the network via USB, Ethernet, or wirelessly (see “Setting Up a Network” on page 67).

Connecting a Computer to the Gateway

Connecting a computer to the Gateway for setup involves three basic steps: initial setup, plugging in the Gateway’s power cord, and connecting the Gateway to the computer.

Connecting Via Ethernet

1. Insert the Installation CD in the CD-ROM drive of the computer. The Installation Buddy starts automatically. Wait until the following screen appears, read the on-screen instructions, select the country in which you live by clicking in the appropriate check box, then click **Next**.



2. Read the instructions, select **Initial Setup** by clicking on the appropriate check box, then click **Next**.



3. If **USA** was chosen in step 1, select the appropriate letter (as designated by the ISP) from the options in the next window, then click **Next**.
If **United Kingdom** or **Other Country** was selected, go directly to step 4.



Chapter 2 Setting Up the Gateway

4. Click in the check box next to **Ethernet (Recommended)**, then click **Next**.



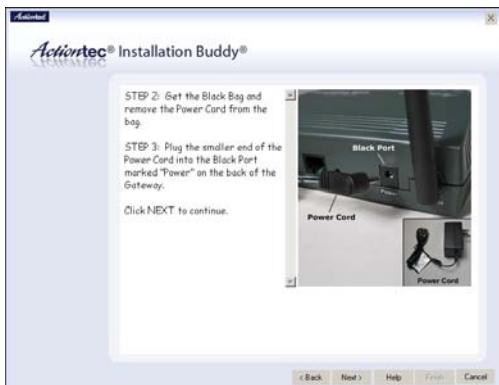
5. Make sure the items needed to connect the Gateway to the first computer are included in the kit, then click **Next**.



6. Get the **Gateway** from the kit, then click **Next**.



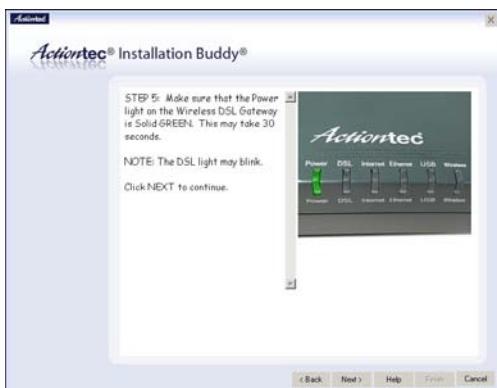
7. Get the **Power cord** from the Black Bag and plug the smaller end into the **black Power port** on the rear panel of the Gateway, then click **Next**.



8. Plug the larger end of the **Power cord** into a **power outlet**, then click **Next**.



9. Confirm the **Power light** on the front of the Gateway **glows solid green**, then click **Next**.



10. Get the yellow Ethernet cable from the kit and plug one end into the **yellow Ethernet port** on the back of the Gateway, then click **Next**.

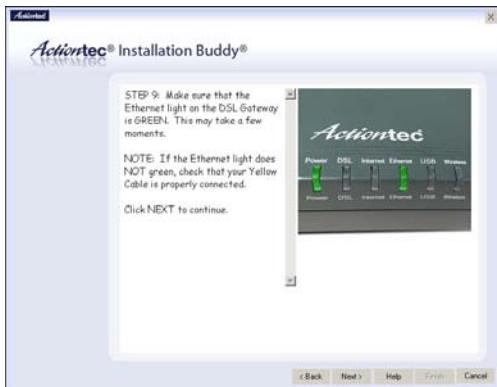


11. Plug the other end of the **yellow Ethernet cable** into an **Ethernet port** on the back of the computer. Click **Next**.



 **Note:** An Ethernet port looks similar to a phone jack, but is slightly larger.

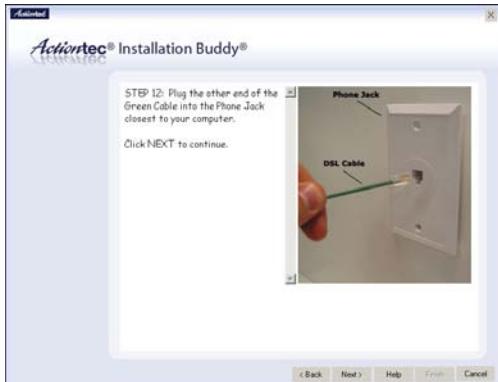
12. Make sure the **Ethernet light** on the front of the Gateway **glows solid green**. Click **Next**.



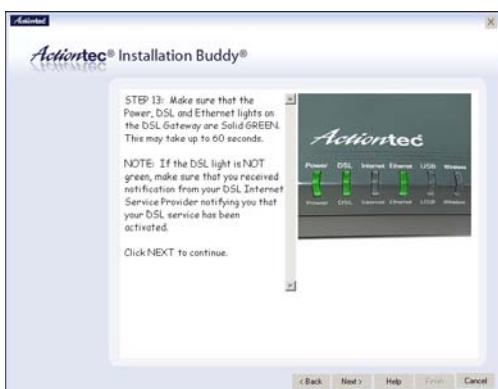
13. Get the **green DSL cable** from the Black Bag and plug one end into the **green Line port** on the rear panel of the Gateway. Click **Next**.



14. Plug the other end of the **green DSL cable** into the **phone jack** closest to the computer. Click **Next**.



15. Make sure the the **DSL light** on the Gateway **glows solid green** (it may take a few moments). Click **Next**.



The Gateway is connected to a computer via Ethernet. Next, install the filters as described in “Installing Filters” on page 22.

Connecting Via USB

1. Insert the Installation CD in the CD-ROM drive of the computer. The Installation Buddy starts automatically. Wait until the following screen appears, read the on-screen instructions, select the country in which you live by clicking in the appropriate check box, then click **Next**.



2. Read the instructions, select **Initial Setup** by clicking on the appropriate check box, then click **Next**.



3. If USA was chosen in step 1, select the appropriate letter (as designated by the ISP) from the options in the next window, then click **Next**.
If **United Kingdom** or **Other Country** was selected, go directly to step 4.



4. Click in the check box next to **USB**, then click **Next**.



5. Make sure the items needed to connect the Gateway to the first computer are included in the kit, then click **Next**.



6. Get the **Gateway** from the kit, then click **Next**.



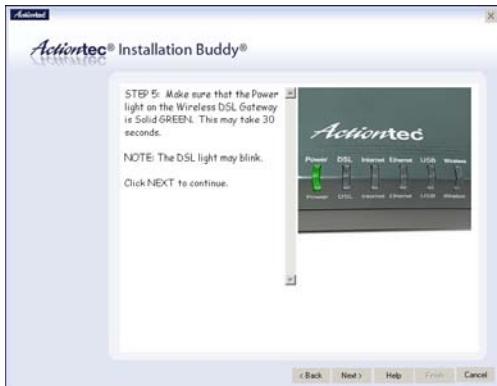
- Get the **Power cord** from the Black Bag and plug the smaller end into the **black Power port** on the rear panel of the Gateway, then click **Next**.



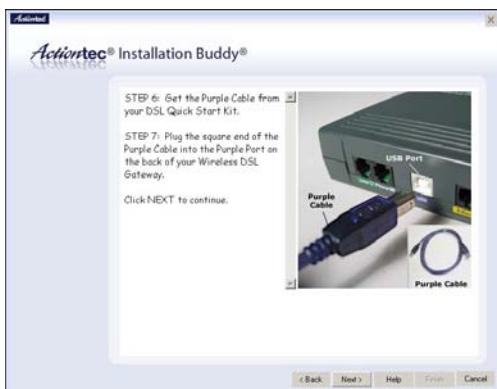
- Plug the larger end of the **Power cord** into a **power outlet**, then click **Next**.



9. Confirm the **Power light** on the front of the Gateway **glows solid green**, then click **Next**.



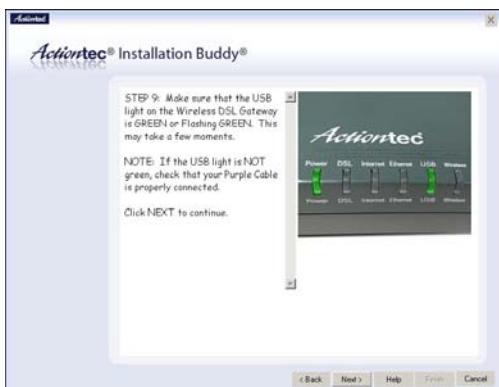
10. Get the **purple USB cable** from the kit and plug the square end into the **purple USB port** on the back of the Gateway, then click **Next**.



11. Plug the thin, rectangular end of the **purple USB cable** into a **USB port** on the front or back of the computer. Click **Next**.



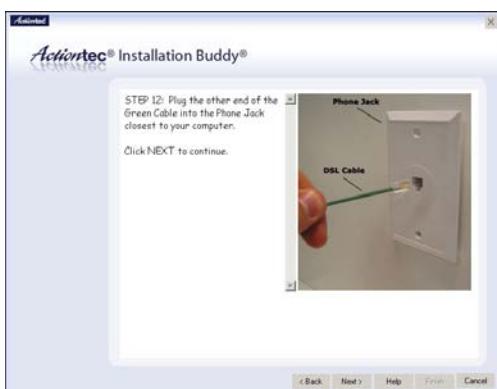
12. Make sure the **USB light** on the front of the Gateway glows solid green.
Click **Next**.



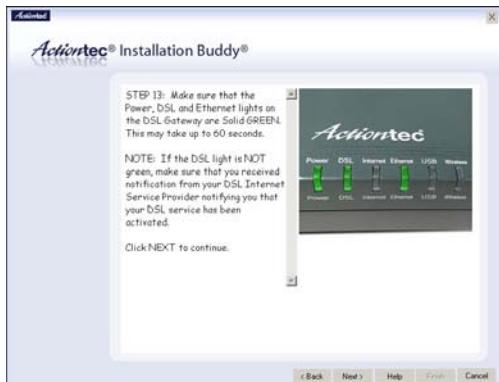
13. Get the **green DSL cable** from the Black Bag and plug one end into the **green Line port** on the rear panel of the Gateway. Click Next.



14. Plug the other end of the **green DSL cable** into the **phone jack** closest to the computer. Click Next.



15. Make sure the the **DSL light** on the Gateway **glows solid green** (it may take a few moments). Click **Next**.

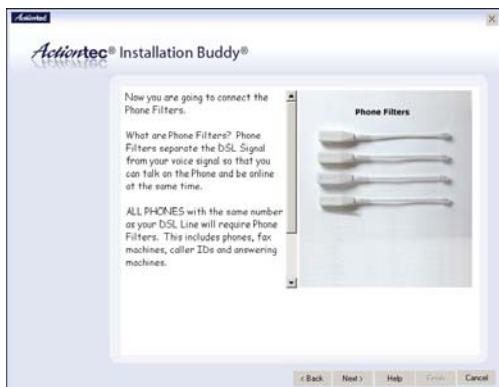


The Gateway is connected to a computer via USB. Next, install the filters as described in “Installing Filters,” below.

Installing Phone Filters

Phone filters allow the use of the telephone while online. All telephones and other devices (answering machines, fax machines, etc.) using the same phone line (i.e., using the same phone number) as the DSL line must have a phone filter installed. To install a phone filter:

1. Read the on-screen information, get the **phone filters**, then click **Next**.



2. Read the on-screen information, then unplug all **telephones** and **other devices** from their respective phone jacks. Click **Next**.



3. Remove the **phone filters** from the **clear bag**. Click **Next**.



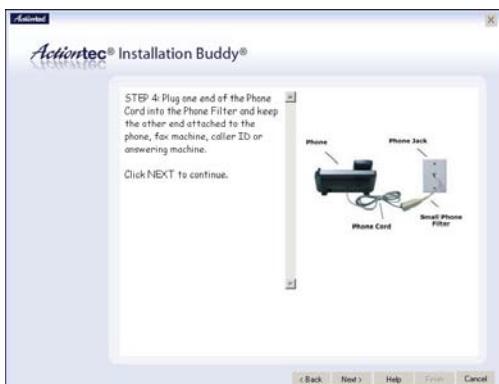
Caution: Do not unplug the green DSL cable from the phone jack near your computer.

4. Plug a phone filter into every phone jack with a telephone or other device connected to it. Click Next.



Caution: Do not plug a phone filter in the phone jack in which the green DSL cable is plugged.

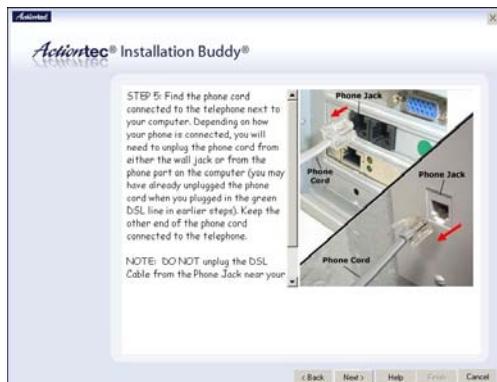
5. Plug the ends of the **phone cords** disconnected in step 2 into the **phone filters** plugged into phone jacks. Click Next.



6. If a telephone was unplugged when the green DSL cable was plugged in or a telephone is connected to the computer, select **Yes**. If no telephone was unplugged when the green DSL cable was plugged in, select **No** and go to step 9. Click **Next**.



7. Depending on the configuration of the telephone connection, unplug its **phone cord** from the **computer** or **phone jack** in which it's plugged (the phone cord may have already been unplugged when the green DSL cable was plugged in). Click **Next**.

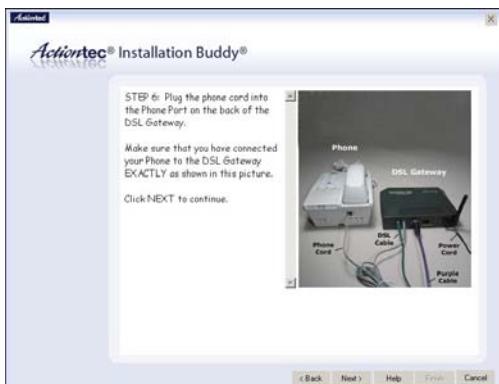


8. Plug the **phone cord** into the **Phone port** on the back of the Gateway. The Gateway should be connected similarly to the on-screen picture, depending whether the computer was connected via Ethernet or USB.

Ethernet:



USB:

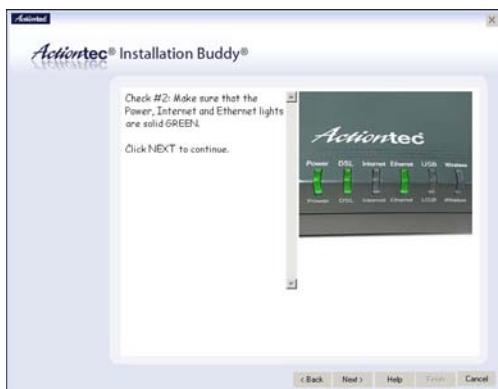


Click **Next**.

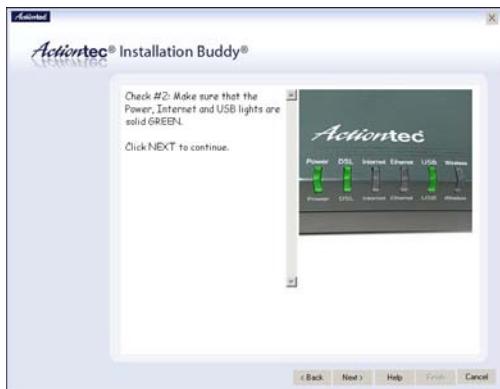
9. Make sure the **green DSL cable** is still connected directly to the phone jack and does not have a phone filter connected to it. Click **Next**.



10. Make sure the **Power, Internet, and Ethernet** or **USB** lights are **solid green**.
Ethernet:



USB:

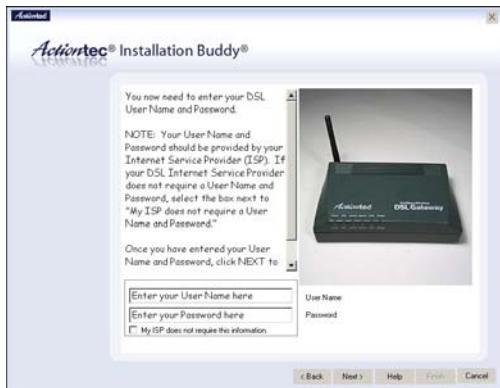


Next, go to “Setting Up the DSL Connection,” below.

Setting Up the DSL Connection

After connecting the Gateway and installing phone filters, the DSL connection must be configured. To do this:

1. Enter the user name and password in the appropriate text boxes (or click the check box next to “My ISP does not require this information.”), then click **Next**.



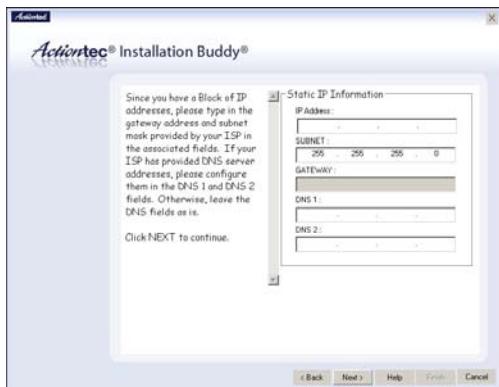
2. Select the appropriate IP type. This information should be available from the ISP. When finished, click **Next**.
If **Static IP** is selected, go to step 3.
If **Dynamic IP (DHCP)** is selected, go to step 5.



3. Select the type of Static IP address received from the ISP (**Single or Block**), then click **Next**.



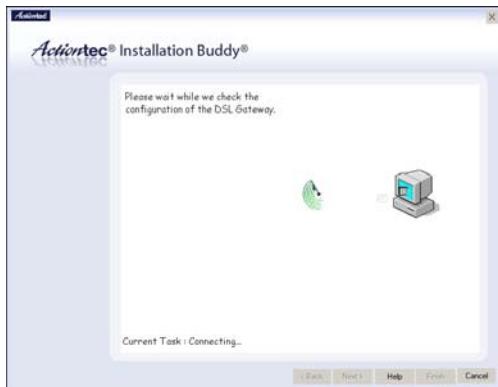
4. In the next window, enter the IP Address, Subnet, Gateway, DNS 1, and DNS 2 information (if applicable) in the proper text boxes. This information should be available in the ISP. When finished, click Next and go to step 5.



5. If other computers will be connected to the Gateway wirelessly at some point (see chapter 6, “Setting Up a Network,” on page 67), turn on the Gateway’s wireless access point feature by clicking in the circle next to “Yes.” Click Next.



6. The Installation Buddy checks the configuration of the Gateway.



7. When the configuration is complete, a series of "Congratulations" screens appear. Read the on-screen information, then click through the next few screens, then click **Finish** in the last screen to exit the Installation Buddy.



The Gateway is successfully configured and ready for use.

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Performing a Basic Setup

3

This chapter is a guide through a basic setup of the Gateway for those users who did NOT use the Actiontec Installation Buddy® to setup the Gateway. The Basic Setup includes instructions on how to connect the Gateway to the ISP and changing the admin user name and password.

To complete a basic setup, the user will need information provided by the ISP. This information is sometimes contained in a welcome letter or ISP worksheet. If this document is not available, contact the ISP immediately and request one.

Basic Setup

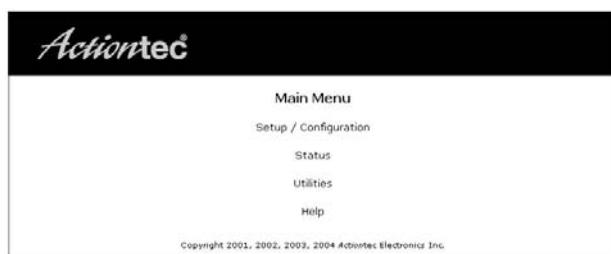
To configure the Gateway for basic operation:

 **Note:** If you already set up the Gateway using the Installation Buddy (as described in Chapter 2, “Setting Up the Gateway”), the settings described in this section have already been configured. Please continue to chapter 4, “Using Advanced Setup,” to configure the advanced settings of the Gateway.

1. Open a Web browser. In the address bar, enter
http://192.168.0.1
then press **Enter** on the keyboard.



2. The “Main Menu” screen appears. Select **Setup/Configuration**.



3. Follow the instructions in the “Set Up/Configuration” screen, then click **Begin Basic Setup**.

<p>Basic Setup</p> <p>Admin Username/Password</p> <p>Advanced Setup</p>	<p>Set Up / Configuration</p> <p>This section will guide you through the configuration of your DSL Gateway.</p> <p>In most cases, only Basic Setup is required. In the event that you can not access the Internet after completing the Basic Setup, it is possible that your Internet Service Provider may require additional configuration.</p> <p>In this case, use the Advanced Setup process to configure your DSL Gateway by clicking on the Advanced Setup option from the menu to the left.</p> <p>Please click the “Begin Basic Setup” button below to start the basic setup.</p> <p style="text-align: center;">Begin Basic Setup</p>
--	--

4. In the next screen, follow the on-screen instructions, then click **Next**.

<p>Setup</p> <p>Before you begin, please make sure you have completed the following steps below. Click Next to continue.</p> <p>1. Your DSL Gateway is connected to your DSL line 2. Your computers are connected to your DSL Gateway</p>	Back Next
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5. In the next screen, select the type of connection provided by the ISP by clicking in the circle next to PPPoA or PPPoE. This information should be provided by the ISP.

<p>Broadband Connection</p> <p>Please select the connection method that you use to access the Internet. Click Next to continue.</p> <p><input checked="" type="radio"/> PPPoE <input type="radio"/> PPPoA</p>	Back Next
---	-------------------------

6. Enter the **User Name** and **Password** provided by the ISP in the “DSL Broadband Connection - PPP” screen. Click **Next**.

DSL Broadband Connection - PPP

Please enter the **User Name** and **Password** required by your DSL Internet Service Provider to access the Internet.

You may obtain this information from your DSL Internet Service Provider. Click **Next** to continue.

User Name

Password

Back **Next**

7. Click **Save and Restart** in the “Save and Restart” screen.

Save and Restart

Please click the **Save and Restart** button below to save your settings and restart your Gateway.

Save and Restart

8. The “Congratulations” screen appears. The Gateway is successfully configured.

Congratulations!

Your DSL Gateway is now being configured.

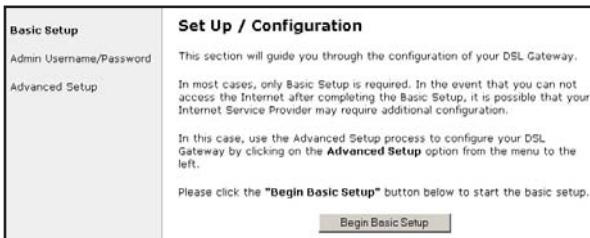
Note: Your Home DSL Gateway will be ready to use when the Power LED stops flashing.

The Power light flashes rapidly while the Gateway restarts, then glows steadily green when fully operational. The Internet light will also glow steadily green. The Gateway is now configured and users can start surfing the Web. If an error stating the Web browser was unable to connect to the Internet appears, check the configuration settings. Ensure all the information required by the ISP is entered correctly.

Changing the Admin User Name and Password

To create or change the admin user name and password, controlling access to the Gateway's Web Configuration screens, follow these instructions:

1. From the Setup/Configuration screen, select **Admin Username/Password** from the menu on the left side.



2. The "Change Admin Username/Password" screen appears. Enter a new user name (optional) in the "New Username" text box, then a password in the "New Password" text box. Re-enter the password in the "Re-enter New Password" text box. Make sure to write the user name and password down and keep them in a secure location. They will be needed to access to the Gateway's Web Configurations screens in the future.

The screenshot shows the "Change Admin Username/Password" screen. It has three text input fields: "New Username" (containing "admin"), "New Password", and "Re-enter New Password". Below the fields is a note about saving settings and restarting the gateway. At the bottom is a "Save and Restart" button.

3. Click "Save and Restart" at the bottom of the screen.
4. The "Save and Restart" page appears. Click "Save and Restart" to save the settings changed in the Change Admin Username/Password screen.

The screenshot shows the "Save and Restart" screen. It contains a note about saving settings and restarting the gateway. At the bottom is a "Save and Restart" button.

Once the Gateway has rebooted, the password is active. To access the Gateway's Web Configuration screens, the username and password must be entered.

Using Advanced Setup

4

This section contains information concerning setting up the advanced features of the Gateway, such as wireless settings, remote management, and Web site blocking.

Accessing Advanced Setup

To access the Advanced Setup configuration screens:

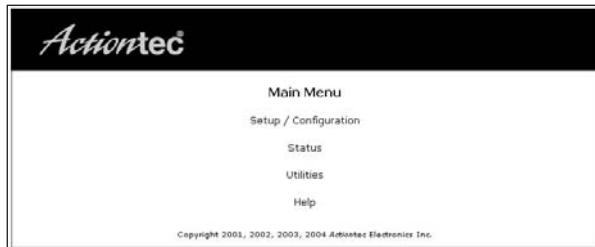
1. Open a Web browser. In the address bar enter:

http://192.168.0.1

then press **Enter** on the keyboard.



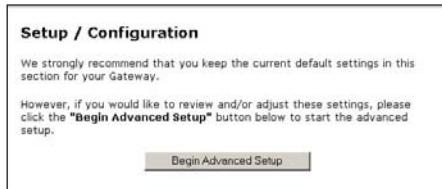
2. The “Main Menu” screen appears. Select **Setup/Configuration**.



3. In the “Set Up/Configuration” screen, read the instructions, then select **Advanced Setup** from the menu on the left side.

Basic Setup Admin Username/Password Advanced Setup	<p>Set Up / Configuration</p> <p>This section will guide you through the configuration of your DSL Gateway.</p> <p>In most cases, only Basic Setup is required. In the event that you can not access the Internet after completing the Basic Setup, it is possible that your Internet Service Provider may require additional configuration.</p> <p>In this case, use the Advanced Setup process to configure your DSL Gateway by clicking on the Advanced Setup option from the menu to the left.</p> <p>Please click the "Begin Basic Setup" button below to start the basic setup.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><input type="button" value="Begin Basic Setup"/></p>
---	--

4. In the next screen, read the recommendations. To perform an advanced setup on the Gateway, click **Begin Advanced Setup**.



5. The “Configuring the Advanced Settings” screen appears. To check all the settings, or if unsure of which settings to modify, select **Next**. To modify a specific configuration, click on its name in the menu bar on the left.

<p>Advanced Setup</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">WAN IP AddressWireless SettingsWireless MAC AuthenticationWireless Advanced SettingsLAN IP AddressDHCP ServerServices BlockingWebsite BlockingRemote ManagementPort ForwardingDMZ HostingFirewallDynamic RoutingNATStatic RoutingUPnP <p>Save and Restart</p>	<p>Configuring the Advanced Settings</p> <p>The following settings will be configured in the order below. To skip ahead, please click on the selected setting from the menu to the left. Click Next to continue.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• WAN IP Address• Wireless Settings• Wireless Authentication• Wireless Advanced Settings• LAN IP Address• DHCP Server• Services Blocking• Website Blocking• Remote Management• Port Forwarding• DMZ Hosting• Firewall• Dynamic Routing• NAT• Static Routing• UPnP <p>Back Next</p> <p>Copyright 2001, 2002, 2003, 2004 Actiontec Electronics Inc.</p>
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Note: To save changes made in any of the Advanced Setup screens, click Save and Restart at the bottom of the gray menu on the left side of the screen.

WAN IP Address

Selecting WAN IP Address in the “Advanced Configuration” screen generates the “WAN IP Address” screen. WAN IP Address allows manual set up of the IP address of the Gateway. There are five ways to do this: **Transparent Bridging**, **Obtain an IP Address through PPPoE**, **Obtain an IP Address Through PPPoA**, **Obtain an IP Address through DHCP**, and **Specify a Static IP Address**.

 **Note:** Some DSL providers use PPPoE/PPPoA to establish communication with an end user. Other types of broadband Internet connections (such as fixed point wireless) may use either DHCP or Static IP address. If unsure about which connection is present, check with the Internet Service Provider (ISP) before continuing.

After selecting a connection type, click **Next** to continue configuring the connection.

WAN IP Address

Please make the appropriate selection for your Broadband connection.

Transparent Bridging (RFC1483 Bridged)
 Obtain an IP Address through PPPoE
 Obtain an IP Address through PPPoA
 Obtain an IP Address through DHCP
 Specify a Static IP Address

Encapsulation: RFC1483 Bridged RFC1483 Routed

Unnumbered Mode
 VIP Mode

Unnumbered IP Address:
[0.0.0] (Gateway Address)
[255.255.255.0] (Unnumbered Subnet Mask)

Transparent Bridging

Select this option to use the Gateway as a transparent bridge. This option should only be used if the Gateway is being used as a Modem to connect one computer to the Internet via a DSL connection. When the Gateway is being used as a transparent bridge, it does not provide any firewall security.

Obtain an IP Address through PPPoE or PPPoA

Select one of these options to allow the Gateway to use the Point-to-Point over Ethernet (PPPoE) or Point-to-Point over ATM (PPPoA) protocol.

“Broadband Connection via PPPoE” screen:

Broadband Connection via PPPoE

Please enter the username, password required by your DSL Internet Service Provider to access the Internet.

PPP auto connect

User Name

Password

Static IP

“Broadband Connection via PPPoA” screen:

Broadband Connection via PPPoA

Please enter the username, password required by your DSL Internet Service Provider to access the Internet.

PPP auto connect

Encapsulation: VC-MUX LLC/SNAP

User Name

Password

Static IP

If a **User Name**, **Password** and/or **Static IP** was entered in the Installation Buddy, it should be displayed in the “Broadband Connection via PPPoE/PPPoA” screen. If not, enter the information now. If the information is unavailable, contact the ISP.

PPP Auto Connect

If **PPP auto connect** is activated (by clicking in the appropriate check box), the Gateway will attempt to automatically redial the PPP connection if it is dropped or disconnected during an online session. Actiontec recommends turning PPP Auto Connect on.

Encapsulation (PPPoA only)

Select one of the encapsulation options, based on information received from the ISP.

Obtain an IP Through DHCP

Select this option if the IP service is configured to use RFC 1483 Bridged or Routed (used for configurations without a Static IP assigned by an ISP). In this mode, the Gateway will query the Internet Service Provider (ISP) to receive the IP address and routing information, which will terminate at the Gateway, as opposed to the IP address and routing information being bridged to terminate at the computer. This allows the use of the router capabilities for the Local Area Network (LAN).

Some ISPs need to authenticate their end users with a **Host Name** and/or **Domain Name**. If this is the case, check with the ISP for a host name and domain name and enter them in the appropriate text boxes in the “Broadband Connection via DHCP” screen. If the ISP does not require these settings, leave the text boxes blank.



Note: Contact the ISP if unsure of the proper configuration.

Broadband Connection via DHCP

If your Broadband Service Provider requires a Host Name or Domain Name to access the Internet, please enter it below. Otherwise, click **Next** to continue.

Host Name

Domain Name

Back **Next**

Specify a Static IP Address

Select this option if the ISP service is configured to use RFC 1483 Bridged or Routed using a Static IP Address. Enter the **IP Address**, **Subnet Mask**, and **Default Gateway Address** provided by the ISP in the “Broadband Connection via Static IP Address” screen, which causes the IP address and routing information to terminate at the Gateway, as opposed to the IP address and routing information being bridged to terminate at the computer. This allows the use of the router capabilities for the Local Area Network (LAN).

Broadband Connection via Static IP Address

Please enter your **Static IP Address** and **Default Gateway Address** provided to you by your Internet Service Provider.

Click **Next** to continue.

IP Address:

Subnet Mask:

Default Gateway Address:

Back **Next**



Note: Contact the ISP if unsure of the proper configuration.

Encapsulation

If the Gateway is configured to obtain an IP address through DHCP or to specify a static IP address, select the appropriate encapsulation option used by the ISP (**RFC 1483 Bridged** or **RFC 1483 Routed**).

Encapsulation: RFC1483 Bridged RFC1483 Routed



Note: Contact the ISP if unsure of the proper configuration.

Unnumbered Mode/VIP Mode

If a block of public static IP addresses was purchased from the ISP, select **Unnumbered Mode** by clicking in the appropriate check box. Then, enter the **IP Address** and **Subnet Mask** in the “Gateway Address” and “Unnumbered Subnet Mask” text boxes below the “Unnumbered IP Address.” Click **Next**, then click **Save and Restart** to make all changes permanent.

The Unnumbered Mode feature automatically configures the appropriate IP routing for the IP Address block. The IP route will bypass NAT, enabling the public IPs to be routed WAN-to-LAN, as well as LAN-to-WAN.

<input type="checkbox"/> Unnumbered Mode	
<input type="checkbox"/> VIP Mode	
Unnumbered IP Address:	
0 0 0 0	(Gateway Address)
255.255.255.0	(Unnumbered Subnet Mask)



Note: The IP Address information should be obtained from the ISP when purchasing a block of public static IP address. Contact the ISP if this information was not received.

VIP Mode - This feature is used in conjunction with Unnumbered Mode. When VIP Mode is activated, the Gateway uses NAT for private IP Addressing for the Local Area Network (LAN), allowing both Public IP Addressing and Private IP Addressing to be configured to the LAN simultaneously, while the DHCP server is reserved for Private IP Addressing. All computers using Public IP Addresses with Unnumbered Mode must have the Public IP Addresses statically assigned. Enter the static IP address in the text boxes below “Unnumbered IP Address.”

After configuring your settings, click **Next**, then click **Save and Restart** to make all changes permanent.

Wireless Settings

Selecting **Wireless Settings** in the “Advanced Configuration” screen generates the “Wireless Settings” screen.

Wireless Settings

If you are using Wireless Networking, we recommend that you change the default settings and turn on the WEP encryption. The values you define on this screen must also be used for all your wireless computers.

Note: The current default wireless settings for your Gateway are: ESSID is ACTIONTEC, channel is 1, and WEP encryption selection value is Off.

Click **Next** to continue.

Wireless: On Off

ESSID:

Channel:

Security: Off WEP WEP+802.1x WPA

NOTE: WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy), WEP+802.1x and WPA are optional security measures for your wireless network.

Back **Next**

Wireless

To activate the wireless radio, click in the circle next to **On**. To turn off the wireless radio, click in the circle next to **Off**.

ESSID

ESSID is the network name assigned to the wireless network. The factory default setting is “ACTIONTEC.” Although Actiontec recommends keeping the default value intact, the ESSID value can be modified, using any combination of alphanumeric characters (i.e., A-Z, a-z, 0-9). All wireless-capable computers included on the Gateway’s wireless network must have this same ESSID value. (For the Actiontec 802.11b Wireless PC Card, the ESSID value must be the same as the SSID value.)

Channel

Channel assigns the frequency band at which the Gateway communicates. In the United States, use channels 1-11. (The factory default value is set to 1.)

Security

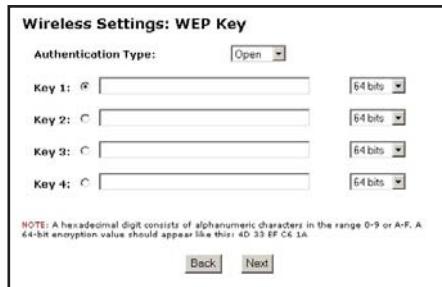
There are four wireless security options: Off, WEP, WEP+802.1x, and WPA. The latter three options are different types of wireless security.

Off

Selecting **Off** disables wireless security. Selecting this option allows any computer with wireless capability and the correct ESSID value to join the wireless network.

WEP

Selecting the security option “WEP” and clicking **Next** in the Wireless Settings screen generates the “WEP Key” screen. Here, the authentication type, encryption level, and WEP keys are entered to activate WEP (Wired Equivalent Privacy) security encryption for the wireless network.



Authentication Type - There are three authentication types: Open, Shared, and Both. Open authentication allows any wireless-enabled device to recognize the Gateway, if the correct WEP key is enabled on the device. Shared allows only wireless-enabled devices with the correct WEP key and Shared key to recognize the Gateway. Selecting Both enables both Open and Shared authentication types.

64-bit WEP - 64-bit WEP requires four separate keys. Each key comprises five hexadecimal digit pairs. A hexadecimal digit consists of an alphanumeric character ranging from 0-9 or A-F. An example of a 64-bit WEP key is: 4E-A3-3D-68-72. To create a set of 64-bit WEP keys, activate all four keys by clicking in the appropriate circles, then enter five hexadecimal digit pairs in each **Key** text box (**Key 1**-, **Key 2**-, **Key 3**-, **Key 4**-). After activating 64-bit WEP on the Gateway, a computer with wireless capability can join the network only if these same keys are entered in the computer's wireless encryption scheme.

128-bit WEP - 128-bit WEP requires one or more keys, comprising 13 hexadecimal pairs. A hexadecimal digit consists of alphanumeric characters ranging from 0-9 or A-F. An example of a 128-bit WEP key is: 3D-44-FE-6C-A1-EF-2E-D3-C4-21-74-5D-B1. To create a 128-bit WEP key, activate **Key 1** by clicking in the appropriate circle, then enter 13 hexadecimal digit pairs in the **Key** text box. After activating 128-bit WEP on the Gateway, a computer with wireless capability can join the network only if this key is entered in the computer's wireless encryption scheme.

256-bit WEP - 256-bit WEP requires one or more keys, comprising 29 hexadecimal pairs. A hexadecimal digit consists of alphanumeric characters ranging from 0-9 or A-F. To create a 256-bit WEP key, activate **Key 1** by clicking in the appropriate circle, then enter 29 hexadecimal digit pairs in the **Key** text box. After activating 256-bit WEP on the Gateway, a computer with wireless capability can join the network only if this key is entered in the computer's wireless encryption scheme.



Note: Not all wireless adapters support 128- or 256-bit WEP.

Ensure that all adapters installed in the networked computers support 128- or 256-bit WEP before activating.

WEP+802.1x

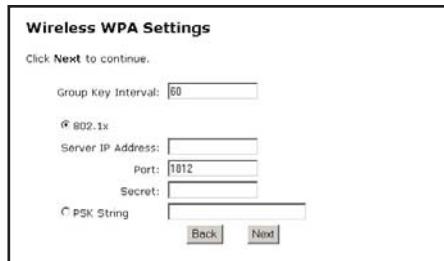
Activating **WEP+802.1x** and clicking **Next** in the Wireless Settings screen generates the “Wireless 802.1x Security Settings” screen. This setting is for enterprise networks only, and should be accessed by experienced information systems specialists only.

The screenshot displays the "Wireless 802.1x Security Settings" configuration page. At the top, it says "Click **Next** to continue." Below this, under "Radius Settings", there are four input fields: "Server IP Address" containing "192.168.1.1", "Port" containing "1812", "Secret" (which is a hidden field), and "Group Key Interval" containing "60". At the bottom of the screen are two buttons: "Back" and "Next".

To set up WEP+802.1x security, enter the IP address of the RADIUS server in the “Server IP Address” text box, and the “Secret” key (for communication between the RADIUS server and the Gateway) in the “Secret” text box. The “Port” and “Group Key Interval” values should remain the same.

WPA

Activating WPA (Wi-Fi Protected Access) and clicking Next in the Wireless Settings screen generates the “Wireless WPA Settings” screen.



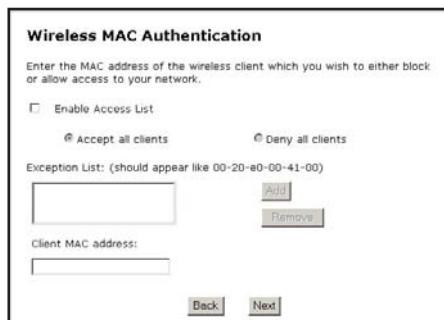
The screenshot shows the “Wireless WPA Settings” configuration page. It includes fields for “Group Key Interval” (set to 60), a radio button for “802.1x” authentication, and text boxes for “Server IP Address”, “Port” (1812), and “Secret”. There is also a checkbox for “PSK String” which is currently unchecked. At the bottom are “Back” and “Next” buttons.

There are two levels of WPA: enterprise and home. The “Group Key Interval,” “Server IP Address,” “Port,” and “Secret” text boxes, along with the “802.1x” radio button, are enterprise network specific, and should only be accessed by an experienced information systems professional. See “WEP+802.1x” on the previous page for more information.

“PSK String” is for home network security. To set up a PSK (Pre-Shared Key), click in the circle next to **PSK String**, then enter at least eight alphanumeric characters in the text box. All wireless-enabled devices must support WPA and know the PSK to join the network.

Wireless MAC Authentication

Selecting **Wireless MAC Authentication** in the “Advanced Configuration” screen generates the “Wireless MAC Authentication” screen.



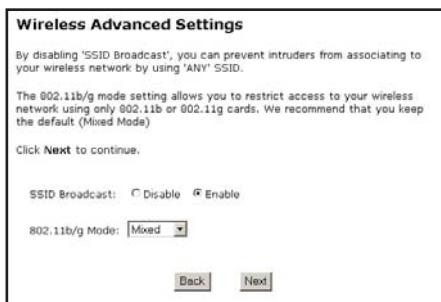
The screenshot shows the “Wireless MAC Authentication” configuration page. It has an instruction message: “Enter the MAC address of the wireless client which you wish to either block or allow access to your network.” Below this are three radio buttons: “Enable Access List” (unchecked), “Accept all clients” (checked), and “Deny all clients”. A text input field for “Exception List” contains the placeholder “(should appear like 00-20-e0-00-41-00)”. To its right are “Add” and “Remove” buttons. A separate text input field for “Client MAC address” is also present. At the bottom are “Back” and “Next” buttons.

This feature allows the user to control the Wireless LAN Network by denying or allowing wireless access by specifying the MAC Address of the wireless client(s) allowed or denied on the wireless network.

After changing settings, click Next or Back to continue, or Save and Restart to make all changes permanent.

Wireless Advanced Settings

Selecting **Wireless Advanced Settings** in the “Advanced Configuration” screen generates the “Wireless Advanced Settings” screen.



SSID Broadcast

To prevent unknown users from associating with the Gateway's network (by using “ANY” as an SSID, for example), disable the Gateway's SSID broadcast by clicking in the circle next to “Disable.”

802.11b/g Mode

Access to the Gateway's network can be restricted to wireless clients using either the 802.11b or 802.11g wireless adapters. Click on the down arrow next to the text box and select the desired option. Actiontec recommends using the “Mixed” mode (the default option), which enables both 802.11b and 802.11g wireless clients to join the network.

After changing settings, click Next or Back to continue, or Save and Restart to make all changes permanent.

LAN IP Address

Selecting **LAN IP Address** in the “Advanced Configuration” screen generates the “LAN IP Address” screen.

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "LAN IP Address". It contains the following text:
We recommend that you keep the current default LAN IP Address of the Gateway as 192.168.0.1.
To make changes, enter in the new IP Address value below. Click Next to continue.
LAN IP Address:
[192.168.0.1] (Device IP Address)
[255.255.255.0] (Device LAN Netmask)
Buttons at the bottom: Back | Next

The values in the “Device IP Address” and “Device LAN Netmask” text boxes are the IP address and Subnet mask of the Gateway as seen on the network. These values can be modified for your LAN network, but Actiontec recommends keeping the default factory settings (IP Address 192.168.0.1 Subnet mask 255.255.255.0).



Note: If the Gateway’s LAN IP Address is modified, ensure the DHCP Server range is within the same subnet. For more information, see “DHCP Server Configuration.”

After changing settings, click Next or Back to continue, or Save and Restart to make all changes permanent.

DHCP Server

Selecting **DHCP Server** in the “Advanced Configuration” screen generates the “DHCP Server” screen. The Gateway has a built-in DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol) server that automatically assigns a different IP address to each computer on the network, eliminating IP address conflicts.

The factory default setting is **On**. To disable the DHCP Server, select **Off**.

The screenshot shows a configuration window titled "DHCP Server". It contains the following text:
Your Gateway will automatically assign an IP Address to each computer in your network.
We recommend that you keep the current default DHCP Server settings. If you already have a DHCP server in your network, you may need to turn this function off.
Click Next to continue.
Radios: On (selected) | Off
Buttons at the bottom: Back | Next

Actiontec strongly recommends leaving the DHCP Server option **On**. If the DHCP Server option is **Off**, ensure the IP addresses of the networked computers are on the same subnet as the IP address of the Gateway. For more information, see “DHCP Server Configuration.”

DHCP Server Configuration

Clicking **Next** in the “DHCP Server” screen (if the DHCP server is activated) generates the “DHCP Server Configuration” screen. Change IP address range and DNS server information here.

Beginning IP Address:	192.168.0.2
Ending IP Address:	192.168.0.254
SubnetMask:	255.255.255.0
DNS:	<input checked="" type="radio"/> Dynamic <input type="radio"/> Static
DNS Server 1:	[Empty]
DNS Server 2:	[Empty]

Back **Next**

Beginning IP Address

The “Beginning IP Address” is the IP address at which the DHCP server starts assigning IP addresses. Actiontec recommends keeping the factory default setting (192.168.0.2).

Ending IP Address

The “Ending IP Address” is the IP Address at which the DHCP Server stops assigning IP addresses. Actiontec recommends keeping the factory default settings (192.168.0.254).

The beginning and ending IP addresses define the IP address range of the Gateway. If the default values are left intact, the Gateway supplies a unique IP address between 192.168.0.2 and 192.168.0.254 to each computer on the network. Note that the first three groups of numbers of the addresses are identical; this means they are on the same subnet. The IP address of the Gateway must be on the same subnet as the IP address range it generates. For instance, if the Gateway’s IP address is changed to 10.33.222.1, set the beginning IP address to 10.33.222.2, and the ending IP address to 10.33.222.254.

DNS (Dynamic or Static)

These options designate the type of DNS server provided by the ISP. If the ISP provided DNS server information, select the type here. If not, leave as is.

DNS Server 1

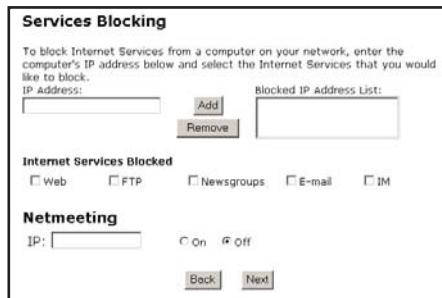
“DNS Server 1” is the primary DNS server provided by the ISP. If the ISP provided DNS server information, enter it here. If not, leave the text box intact.

DNS Server 2

“DNS Server 2” is the secondary DNS provided by the ISP. If the ISP provided secondary DNS server information, enter it here. If not, leave the text box intact.

Services Blocking

Selecting **Services Blocking** in the “Advanced Configuration” screen generates the “Services Blocking” screen.



The screenshot shows the “Services Blocking” configuration window. At the top, there is a note: “To block Internet Services from a computer on your network, enter the computer’s IP address below and select the Internet Services that you would like to block.” Below this is a text input field labeled “IP Address:” with a “Add” button to its right. To the right of the “Add” button is a “Blocked IP Address List” text box containing a single IP address. Below the “IP Address” section is a “Internet Services Blocked” section with checkboxes for “Web”, “FTP”, “Newsgroups”, “E-mail”, and “IM”. Underneath this is a “Netmeeting” section with an “IP:” text input field and a radio button group for “On” and “Off”, with “On” selected. At the bottom of the window are “Back” and “Next” buttons.

To modify Internet privileges (Web, FTP, Newsgroups, etc.) for the computers on the network:

1. Enter the computer’s IP address in the **IP Address:** text box.
2. Select the Internet service(s) to be blocked.
3. Click **Add** to enter the computer’s IP address in the “Blocked IP Address List” text box.

4. To remove blocked services, select the computer's IP address in the "Blocked IP Address List" text box and click **Remove**.

Netmeeting

If a computer on the network uses Netmeeting, enable Netmeeting, by clicking the circle next to "On" and entering the IP address of the computer. Click **Next**, then click **Save and Restart** to apply the settings. If Netmeeting is not needed, click the circle next to "Off."



Note: Netmeeting is used for NAT/Private IP addressing only. If the computer is configured for Unnumbered Mode and has a Public IP Address, Netmeeting does not have to be enabled.

Website Blocking

Selecting **Website Blocking** in the "Advanced Configuration" screen generates the "Website Blocking" screen. This feature enables the Gateway to block Web sites to all computers on the network. To block a Web site, enter the address of the Web site in the "Website" text box and click **Add**. The blocked Web site address is displayed in the "Blocked Website List" text box, and will not be available to computers on the network. To remove a blocked Web site, click on it in the "Blocked Website List," then click **Remove**. Website Blocking supports blocking up to 50 Web sites.

Website Blocking

To block a specific website, please enter the name of the website such as www.actiontec.com in the space below. Then click the **Add** button to activate.

To remove a website from the Blocked Websites List, please select the website and click the **Remove** button. Click **Next** to continue.

Website: Add Remove

Blocked Website List:

Back Next

Remote Management

Selecting **Remote Management** in the “Advanced Configuration” screen generates the “Remote Management” screen. Remote Management allows access to the Gateway through the Internet via another computer. Actiontec recommends leaving the Remote Management **Off** (the factory default setting).



To access the Gateway from the Internet, activate Remote Management by selecting **On** and writing down the WAN IP address of the Gateway (see “WAN IP Address”). On a computer outside of the network, open a Web browser and enter the Gateway’s WAN IP address in the address text box. The Gateway’s Main Menu (or a password prompt, if a password has been set) appears in the browser window.



Note: Before Remote Management can be activated, the administrator password must be set. To do this, go to the Setup screen and select Change Admin Password. Follow the instructions in the subsequent screens.

Port Forwarding

Selecting **Port Forwarding** in the “Advanced Configuration” screen generates the “Port Forwarding” screen. Port forwarding allows certain programs to bypass the Gateway’s built-in firewall, allowing access to parts of the network (for hosting a Web or FTP server, for example). To use port forwarding, enter the IP port range in the “IP Port Range” text boxes. (If more than 10 ports are needed, Actiontec recommends using DMZ Hosting. See “DMZ Hosting,” below, for more information.) Choose the protocol type from the “Protocol” list box, then enter the IP address of the computer on the network to be used as a host. Click **Add**. The forwarded ports appear in the “List of Forwarded Ports” text box.

To remove forwarded ports, highlight them, then click **Remove**.

Port Forwarding

Some Internet applications require certain ports to be forwarded. Please enter the required port ranges and IP Address of the computer running the application into the space below, then click Add. Click Advanced for more options, or click Next to continue.

IP Port Range	to	Protocol	IP Address
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Add"/>		<input type="button" value="Remove"/>	
List of Forwarded Ports			
<input type="button" value="Back"/> <input type="button" value="Next"/> <input type="button" value="Advanced ..."/>			

Clicking **Advanced** brings up the “Advanced Port Forwarding” screen.

Advanced Port Forwarding

Please enter ports and port ranges, that some Internet applications require to be forwarded, in the spaces below.

IP Port Range	to	Protocol	IP Address
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	TCP	<input type="text"/>
Remote IP Port Range	0 to 65535	Any IP /	Remote IP Address
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="text"/>
<input type="button" value="Add"/>		<input type="button" value="Remove"/>	
List of Forwarded Ports			
<input type="button" value="Back"/> <input type="button" value="Next"/>			

In this screen, the user can allow only certain IP addresses to access forwarded ports. Enter the port range of the forwarded ports in the “Remote IP Port Range” text boxes, enter the IP address to be allowed access in the “Remote IP Address” text box, then click “Add.” The active forwarded ports will appear in the “List of Forwarded Ports” text box.

To deactivate a forwarded port, select it from the “List of Forwarded Ports” text box, then click “Remove.”

DMZ Hosting

Selecting **DMZ Hosting** in the “Advanced Configuration” screen generates the “DMZ Hosting” screen. To use DMZ hosting, enter the IP address of the computer on the network to be used as a DMZ host in the “DMZ Host IP Address” text box, then click **On**.



DMZ hosting is used to support online gaming and Internet conferencing services. These programs usually require multiple open ports, making the network accessible from the Internet. DMZ hosting symbolically places the DMZ host computer outside of the Gateway’s network. Access to the network resources while DMZ hosting is active is blocked. Actiontec recommends activating DMZ hosting only as long as necessary.

 **Warning:** The DMZ Host computer will be vulnerable to computer hackers on the Internet while in DMZ mode.

Firewall

Selecting **Firewall** in the “Advanced Configuration” screen generates the “Firewall Security Level” screen. Select the level of security needed for the network. See Appendix F for details concerning each level of security.

Firewall Security Level

The default Firewall Security Level is set to "Basic". You can change the Firewall Security Level to suit your networking needs.

(Note: Once you have selected a security level, all IP traffic other than the policies specified will be blocked by the Firewall. Refer to the User Manual for detailed information on Firewall policies.)

High
 Medium
 Low
 Basic

[Back](#) [Next](#)

Dynamic Routing

Selecting **Dynamic Routing** in the “Advanced Configuration” screen generates the “Dynamic Routing” screen.

Dynamic Routing

RIP (Routing Information Protocol) Settings: Select Enable to enable Dynamic Routing. The default setting "Disable", disables Dynamic Routing.

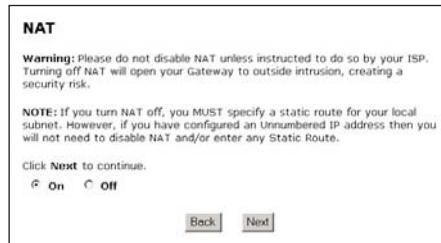
Enable
 Disable

[Back](#) [Next](#)

If another router or gateway is set up behind the Gateway in the network configuration, consult the documentation that came with the other router/gateway to see what kind of Dynamic Routing is required operate it with the Gateway, then select the appropriate option.

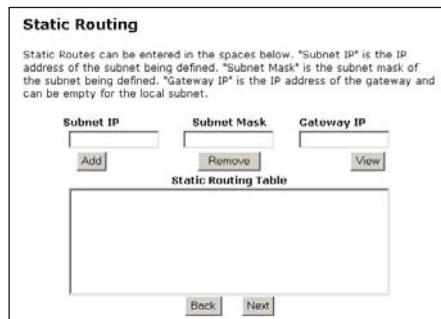
NAT (Network Address Translation)

Selecting NAT in the “Configuring the Advanced Settings” screen generates the “NAT” screen. The Gateway’s basic firewall security is based on NAT. Disabling NAT allows the computers connected to the Gateway to be accessed by outside parties. Do not turn NAT off unless instructed to do so by the ISP.



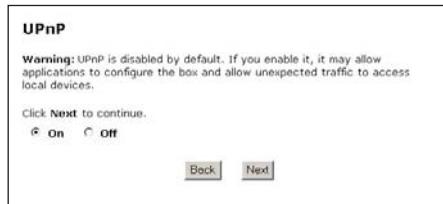
Static Routing

Selecting **Static Routing** in the “Advanced Settings” screen generates the “Static Routing” screen. Enter the addresses in their respective text boxes, then click **Add**. The address will appear in the “Static Routing Table.” To remove an address, highlight it by clicking on it in the Static Routing Table, then click **Remove**.



UPnP (Universal Plug and Play)

Selecting UPnP in the “Configuring the Advanced Settings” screen generates the “UPnP” screen. In this screen, the Universal Plug and play option is turned on or off by activating the appropriate circle.



Universal Plug and Play is a zero-configuration networking protocol that allows hardware and software (such as Netmeeting) to operate more efficiently. If Netmeeting is not running properly, activate UPnP.



Note: Activating UPnP presents a slight security risk. After finishing with the hardware or software using UPnP, Actiontec recommends deactivating UPnP.

Viewing the Gateway's Settings

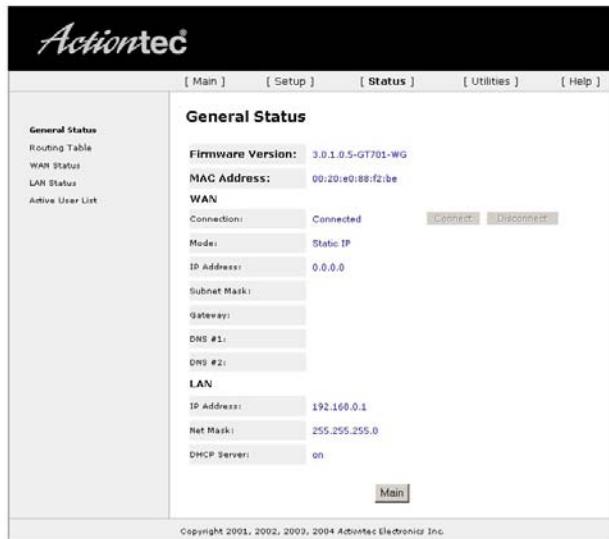
5

After configuring the Gateway, settings can be viewed by selecting **Status** in the Main Menu. In the left hand column, there are other Status options available: **Routing Table**, **WAN Status**, **LAN Status**, and **Active User List**.

No settings (other than connecting or disconnecting from the Internet) can be changed from the Current Status screen.

Status

Selecting “Status” from the Main Menu screen generates the “Current Status” screen.



Firmware Version

Displays the firmware version the Gateway is currently running.

MAC Address

Displays the MAC (Media Access Control) address of the Gateway.

WAN - Connection

Displays the state of the connection to the ISP service (Connected or Disconnected).

WAN - Mode

Displays the type of connection used to communicate with the ISP.

WAN - IP Address

Displays the IP Address the ISP assigned to the Gateway.

WAN - Subnet Mask

Displays the Subnet Mask address the ISP assigned to the Gateway.

WAN - Gateway

Displays the Gateway address (for the IP Address and Subnet Mask) the ISP assigned to the Gateway.

WAN - DNS #1 & #2

Displays the Domain Name Server address(es) the ISP assigned to the Gateway.

LAN - IP Address

Displays the Local Area Network's (LAN) IP address.

LAN - Net Mask

Displays the Subnet Mask address configured for the LAN IP address.

LAN - DHCP Server

Displays the state of the DHCP Server (On or Off).

Routing Table

Selecting **Routing Table** generates the “Routing Table” screen. This screen displays an overview of the Gateway’s routes.

Routing Table			
Valid	Destination	Netmask	Gateway
✓	192.168.0.0	255.255.255.0	0.0.0.0
✓	239.0.0.0	255.0.0.0	0.0.0.0

[Main](#)

WAN Status

Selecting **WAN Status** in the Current Status screen generates the “WAN Status” screen. This screen displays an overview of the Gateway’s WAN (Wide Area Network) connection.

WAN Status	
WAN Status	
Status:	Disconnected
Session Time:	
Packets Sent:	49
Packets Received:	0
DSL Status	
VPI:	0
VCI:	35
DSL Mode:	MMODE
Connection Status:	Idle
Speed (down/up):	0 / 0 Kbps
ATM QoS class:	UBR
Near End CRC Errors (U/F):	0/0
Far End CRC Errors (U/F):	0/0
Near End RS FEC (U/F):	0/0
Far End RS FEC (U/F):	0/0

[Clear](#) [Main](#)

LAN Status

Selecting **LAN Status** generates the “LAN Status” screen. This screen displays an overview of the Gateway’s LAN (Local Area Network) port connections.

LAN Status	
Ethernet	
Link Status:	Connected
Packets Sent:	997
Packets Received:	777
USB	
Link Speed:	Disconnected
Packets Sent:	0
Packets Received:	0
Wireless	
Wireless Activity:	on
Packets Sent:	163
Packets Received:	0
<input type="button" value="Clear"/> <input type="button" value="Main"/>	

Active User List

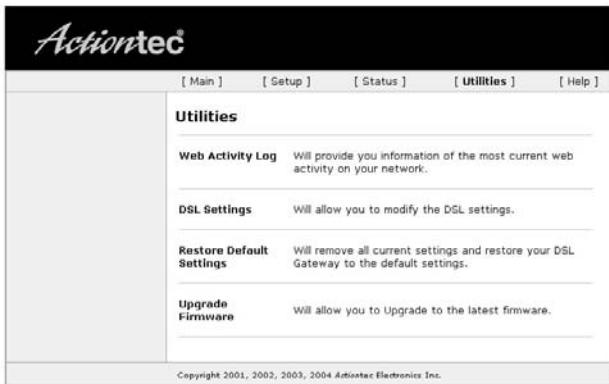
Selecting **Active User List** generates the “Active User List” screen. This screen displays a list of the users currently connected to the Gateway accessing the Internet with Network Address Translation (NAT) security activated.

Active User List			
The Active User List below displays users on your local area network who are actively accessing the Internet.			
The following information about the user's PC is displayed on the list: IP Address type (DHCP or Static), MAC address, IP address and Computer name (DHCP only).			
Type	MAC	IP	PC Name
<input type="text"/>			
<input type="button" value="Main"/>			

6

Using Utilities

To access the Gateway's Web-based Utilities, select **Utilities** from the "Main Menu" screen. The "Utilities" screen appears.



From this screen, the Web activity log can be viewed, the DSL settings changed, the Gateway's factory default settings restored, and the Gateway's firmware upgraded.

Web Activity Log

The Web Activity Log provides information about the Web sites each computer on the Gateway's network has visited. To access the Web Activity Log, select **Web Activity Log** from the "Utilities" screen.



Auto Refresh

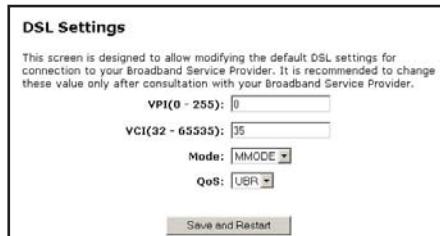
To set the Web Activity Log screen to automatically refresh at certain intervals, activate the circle next to “Auto Refresh Every” at the bottom of the Web Activity Log screen, then enter a time value (in seconds) in the text box, or click on the down arrow and select a time value from the menu that appears. The Web Activity Log will refresh at the chosen interval.

Manual Refresh

To set the Web Activity Log screen to manual refresh, activate the circle next to “Manual Refresh” at the bottom of the Web Activity Log screen. To refresh the Web Activity Log screen, click **Refresh**.

DSL Settings

To access the “DSL Settings” screen, select **DSL Settings** from the “Utilities” screen. The Gateway’s VPI, VCI, Mode, and QoS (Quality of Service) settings can be changed from here. Actiontec recommends not changing these values without consulting the ISP.



Restore Default Settings

To restore the Gateway to its factory default settings, select **Restore Default Settings** from the “Utilities” screen. When the “Restore Default Settings” screen appears, click **Restore Default Settings**. Any changes made to the Gateway’s settings will be lost and the factory default settings will be restored. During this process, the Gateway’s Power light flashes and the Gateway is disabled.





Warning: Do not unplug the power cord from the Gateway during the Restore Default Settings process. Doing so may result in permanent damage to the Gateway.

When the Power Light stops flashing and glows steadily green, the Gateway is fully operational, and the default settings have been restored.

Upgrade Firmware

Selecting **Upgrade Firmware** in the “Utilities” screen generates the “Upgrade Firmware” screen. Actiontec periodically posts firmware upgrades to enhance the capabilities and boost the performance of the Gateway. Follow the on-screen instructions to upgrade the Gateway’s firmware.

Upgrade Firmware

The Upgrade file for upgrading firmware may be obtained [here](#).

Step 1: Please download the Upgrade file and save it to your local hard disk.
Step 2: Use the ‘Browse’ button to select the Upgrade file.
Step 3: Click ‘Upgrade’ button to start the Upgrade process.

New Firmware Image:

IMPORTANT: Please do not refresh or minimize the browser until a successful upgrade message appears.

The upgrade process may take 3-6 minutes.

Please read carefully through the following instructions to ensure a successful firmware upgrade:

1. Please do not **RELOAD** or **CLOSE** the browser during the upgrade process.
2. Do not **DISCONNECT** your network cable or power off the Gateway during the firmware upgrade process.
3. Do not run the firmware upgrade if you are connected to the Gateway via **WIRELESS**.
4. It is strongly recommended that you **STOP** any networking activities using the Gateway before starting the upgrade process.
5. If the firmware upgrade process fails, DO **NOT** reboot your Gateway. Please run the upgrade program again.

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Setting Up a Network

7

Other computers can be connected to the Gateway to form a network, which allows the computers to transfer files, communicate with each other, and share an Internet connection. The networked computers can be connected to the Gateway in three ways: Ethernet, USB, or wirelessly.

Ethernet

The following procedure assumes the first computer connected to the Gateway was connected via USB. If the first computer was connected via Ethernet, connect additional computers via USB (see page 72) or wirelessly (see page 77).

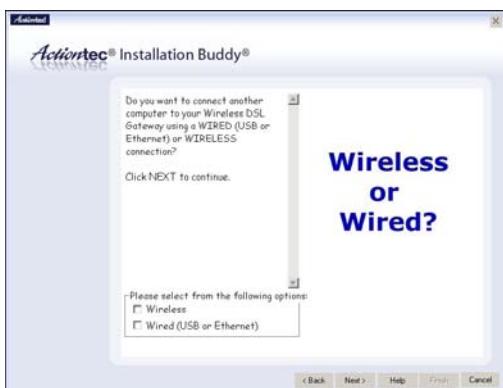
1. Insert the Installation CD in the CD-ROM drive of the computer. The Installation Buddy will start automatically. Wait until the following screen appears, read the on-screen instructions, select the country in which you live by clicking in the appropriate check box, then click **Next**.



2. Read the instructions, select Additional Computer by clicking on the appropriate check box, then click Next.



3. Select Wired (USB or Ethernet), then click Next.



4. Select Ethernet, then click Next.



5. When the next window appears, get the yellow Ethernet cable from the Quick Start Kit, then click Next.



6. Plug one end of the **yellow Ethernet cable** into the **yellow Ethernet port** on the back of the Gateway, then click **Next**.

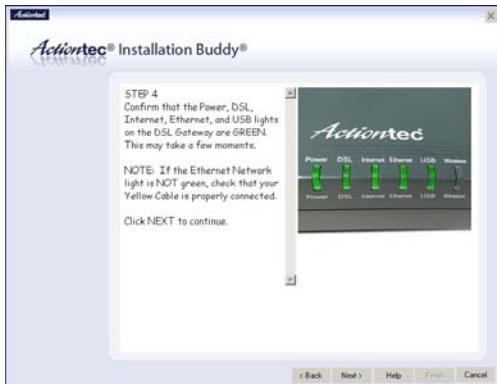


7. Plug the other end of the **yellow Ethernet cable** into an **Ethernet port** on the back of the computer, then click **Next**.

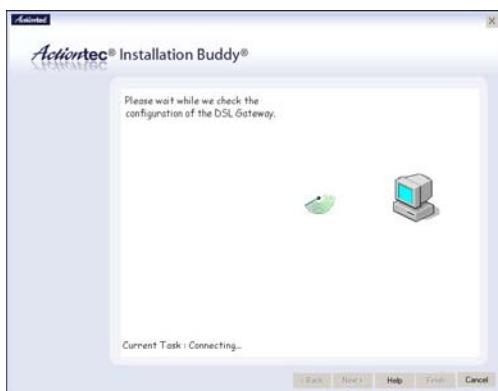


 **Note:** An Ethernet port looks similar to a phone port, but is slightly bigger.

8. Make sure the **Power, DSL, Internet, USB, and Ethernet** lights glow steadily green, then click **Next**.



9. In the next window, the Installation Buddy checks the configuration of the Gateway.



10. A congratulations window appears.



The computer is connected to the Gateway via Ethernet.

USB

The following procedure assumes the first computer connected to the Gateway was connected via USB. If the first computer was connected via USB, connect additional computers via Ethernet (see page 67) or wirelessly (see page 77).

1. Insert the Installation CD in the CD-ROM drive of the computer. The Installation Buddy will start automatically. Wait until the following screen appears, read the on-screen instructions, select the country in which you live by clicking in the appropriate check box, then click **Next**.



2. Read the instructions, select **Additional Computer** by clicking on the appropriate check box, then click **Next**.



3. Select **Wired (USB or Ethernet)**, then click **Next**.



4. Select USB, then click Next.



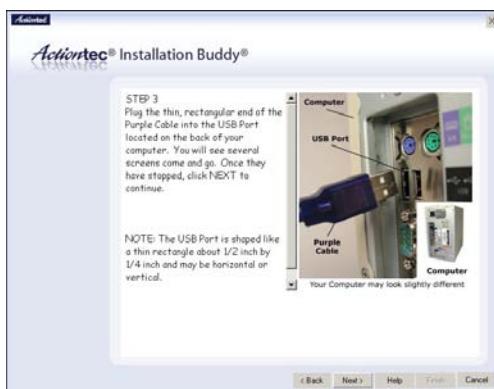
5. When the next window appears, get the purple USB cable from the kit, then click Next.



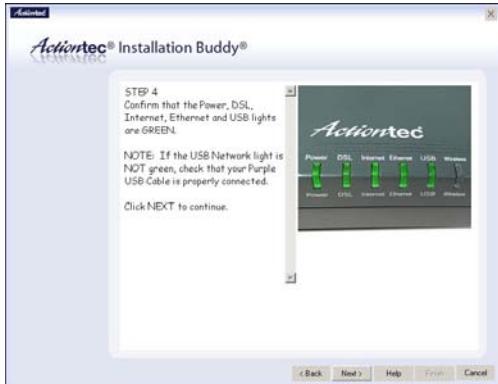
6. Plug one end of the **purple USB cable** into the **purple USB port** on the back of the Gateway, then click **Next**.



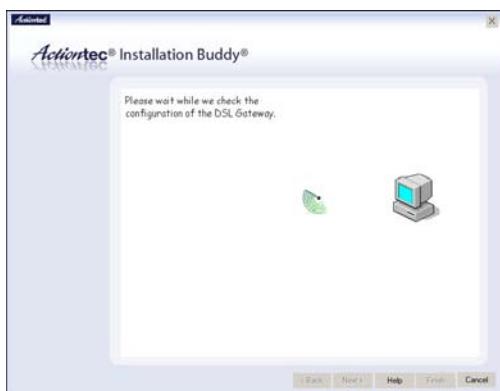
7. Plug the other end of the **purple USB cable** into a **USB port** on the front or back of the computer, then click **Next**.



8. Make sure the **Power, DSL, Internet, USB, and Ethernet** lights glow steadily green, then click **Next**.



9. In the next window, the Installation Buddy checks the configuration of the Gateway.



10. A congratulations window appears.



The computer is connected to the Gateway via USB.

Wireless

Note: Computers wirelessly connected to the Gateway must have wireless capabilities (via a PCI wireless adapter, USB wireless adapter, built-in wireless adapter, etc.). Also, the wireless radio of the Gateway must be turned on (see step 6 of “Setting Up the DSL Connection” on page 28 or “Wireless Settings” on page 44).

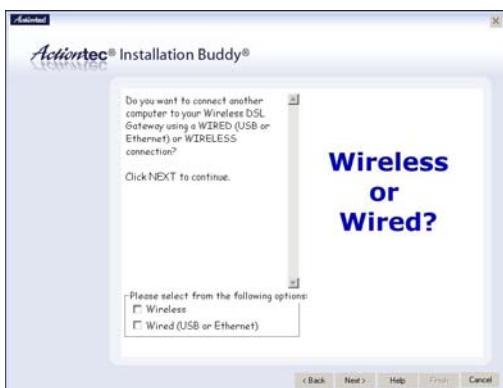
1. Insert the Installation CD in the CD-ROM drive of the computer. The Installation Buddy will start automatically. Wait until the following screen appears, read the on-screen instructions, select the country in which you live by clicking in the appropriate check box, then click **Next**.



2. Read the instructions, select **Additional Computer** by clicking on the appropriate check box, then click **Next**.



3. Select **Wireless**, then click **Next**.



4. Read the on-screen instructions, then click **Finish**.



Make sure the computer and the Gateway are using the same wireless network name. To wirelessly connect more computers to the Gateway, repeat this procedure.

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Troubleshooting

8

This chapter contains a list of problems that may be encountered while using the Gateway, and techniques to solve them. Note that these techniques may not be successful in all cases. Also included is a list of frequently asked questions.

Troubleshooting

Cannot Use the Internet

Physical Connections

Ensure the Gateway's Power light is on, as well as the appropriate lights for any active connections (Ethernet, USB, Wireless). If the connection is not active, reconnect the appropriate cable or adapter.

Connection to the Router

Check that the default IP address the computer is receiving is correct by selecting **Start, Run**, and then typing **ipconfig** in the “Open” text box. The IP address should be 192.168.0.x (with “x” representing a number from 2 through 255), and the Default Gateway address should be 192.168.0.1. If not, restart the computer to allow the Gateway to assign a IP address. If a static IP address was previously assigned to the computer, it will need to be removed before the Gateway can dynamically assign a new IP address. After the computer restarts, check the IP address of the computer again. If it is still not correct, type **ipconfig /?** (note the space after **ipconfig**) to release and renew the IP address.

Once the IP address has been verified as correct, open a Web browser. In the “Address” text box, type **192.168.0.1** and click **Go**. The Gateway's Web Configurator Main Menu screen appears, verifying the Gateway's active connection.

Connection to the Internet

To verify the Gateway's connection to the Internet, open a Web browser. In the "Address" text box, type **192.168.0.1** and click **Go**. The Gateway's Web Configurator Main Menu appears. Select **Status**, and once the "Status" screen appears, verify that "Connected" is displayed in the "WAN" section of the screen. If not, power cycle the Gateway by unplugging and then replugging the Power cord. After power cycling the Gateway, check the connection status again. If still disconnected, go to the Main Menu, select **Setup**, and go through a Basic Setup procedure, making sure to enter all correct selections for your connection. After saving all settings and restarting the Gateway, check the connection status again. If still disconnected, unplug the Gateway's Power cord and leave it unplugged for at least 10 minutes. Replug the Power cord, restart the Gateway, and check the connection again.

Frequently Asked Questions

This section contains a list of questions concerning the Gateway, and answers to the questions.

General

I have run out of Ethernet ports on my Gateway. How do I add more computers?

Plugging in an Ethernet hub or switch can expand the number of ports on the Gateway. Connect a standard Ethernet cable from the "Uplink" port of the new hub or switch to the Ethernet port on the Gateway, then connect additional computers to the Ethernet hub or switch.

Which protocols does the Gateway support?

The internal LAN connections support multiple protocols (e.g. TCP/IP, NetBEUI, IPX/SPX, and AppleTalk). The External WAN connection supports only TCP/IP.

Which connection speeds does the Gateway support?

The LAN connections on the Gateway support 10/100 Mbps. The WAN connection supports 8 Mbps because of the physical restrictions placed on broadband connections. The 802.11g wireless connection supports up to 54 Mbps connection speeds (depending on signal quality, environmental factors, and physical distance).

Will my Xbox work with the Gateway?

Yes, the Gateway is compatible with the Xbox. You will need to set a static IP on the Xbox in the Xbox live network settings, and forward ports 3074 (both UDP and TCP), 53 (both UDP and TCP), and 88 (UDP) if you run into DSL resolution errors.

Is the Gateway flash-upgradeable? How do I do it?

Yes, the firmware is upgradeable. You can find a link to the firmware site under “Utilities” in the Web-based configurator (see page 63).

Does the Gateway function as a DSL modem?

Yes, the Gateway has a built-in DSL Modem.

Wireless

Can I use an 802.11b wireless card to connect to the Gateway?

Yes, the Gateway can handle 802.11b cards or 802.11g cards. The 802.11g standard is backward compatible with the 802.11b standard. The Gateway can be setup to handle just “g” wireless cards, just “b” wireless cards, or both.

If I install several Gateways in different locations in my building, will they be able to talk to each other? Will I be able to stay connected as I move between them?

The Gateway does not communicate with other access points, since it is a single access point system. If you install several Gateway devices and move between coverage areas, your wireless device would actually have to reconnect to a separate network.

Which wireless cards will work with the Gateway?

The Gateway will connect with any wireless card supporting the 802.11g or 802.11b wireless standards.

Can my wireless signal pass through floors, walls, and glass?

The physical environment around the Gateway can have a varying effect on wireless signal strength and quality. The more dense an object, the greater the interference. Concrete or metal reinforced structures will experience a higher degree of signal loss than those made of wood, plaster, or glass.

I have an Apple computer that uses the Airport wireless device. Is this device compatible with the Gateway?

Yes, the Apple Airport system complies with the 802.11b standards. If you use the WEP security feature, refer to the Apple Airport documentation for information on the proper method to enter the WEP key for compatibility with the Gateway's hexadecimal WEP entry.

Network

I use my laptop at work and at home. Is there something special I need to do to make it work in both places?

Yes. You must reconfigure your network settings, including Workgroup, Domain, Password, User name, IP addressing, and any other specific settings used by your company. You may also use third-party software like NetSwitcher to automatically switch between different configurations.

What is the valid IP range I can use for my home network?

The valid IP range for the Gateway is 192.168.0.2 to 192.168.0.254 by default.

How do I find out which IP address my computer is using?

Windows 95, 98, 98SE, and Me - Select **Start**, **Run**, and type **winipcfg**. Press **Enter**. When the "Winipcfg" window appears, ensure your network device is selected.

Windows NT, 2000, and XP - Select **Start**, **Run** and type **cmd**. Press **Enter**. When the command screen is displayed, type **ipconfig** and press **Enter**.

I used DHCP to configure my network. Do I need to restart my computer to refresh my IP address?

No. Select the appropriate operating system, below, and follow the steps to refresh your IP address.

Windows 95, 98, 98SE, and Me - Go to **Start, Run**, type **winipcfg**, and press **Enter**. Ensure the Ethernet adapter is selected in the device box. Press the **Release_all** button, then press the **Renew_all** button.

Windows NT 4.0 and 2000 - Go to **Start, Run**, type **cmd**, and press **Enter**. At the DOS prompt type **ipconfig /release**, then type **ipconfig /renew**. (Note the space after **ipconfig**.)

Windows XP - Unplug the Ethernet cable or wireless card and plug it back in.

Can I run an application located on another computer over the network?

Yes, if the application is designed to run over a network.

Can I play games between computers on my network, or on the Internet?

Yes, if the games were designed for multi-player or LAN play. For specific information about whether a game is capable of Internet or LAN play, refer to the game documentation. Some games require ports to be forwarded to host or join games over the Internet.

I have an FTP or Web server on my network. How can I make it available to users on the Internet?

For a Web server, enable port forwarding for port 8080 to the IP address of the server and set up the Web server to receive on that port, as well. (Configuring the server for static IP address use is recommended.) For an FTP server, enable port forwarding for port 21 to the IP address of the server. (Configuring the server for static IP address use is recommended.)

Connections

How many computers can be connected through the Gateway?

The Gateway is capable of 254 connections, but having no more than 45 connections is recommended. As the number of connections increases, the available speed for each computer decreases.

Security

What is the default username for the Gateway?

The default username for the router is **admin** (all lower case). To activate the password to protect the Gateway, change the default password, which is blank by default. Remote management is not available on the Gateway until the default password is changed.

Does the Gateway function as a firewall?

Yes. The Gateway provides its security through the use of NAT firewall, which acts as a physical barrier between your network and the Internet.

What is NAT and how does it protect my network?

NAT (Network Address Translation) is a type of security that masks the private IP addresses of the computers on your network with a single public IP address. With NAT, the private IP address of the computers on your network is never transmitted over the Internet.

Which Virtual Private Networking (VPN) protocols are supported?

The Gateway supports pass-through for PPTP, L2TP, and IPSec.

Can I use Internet firewall or security programs with my network?

Because the Gateway uses NAT firewall security, it is not necessary to use any other program for security. The use of third-party firewall or Internet security software is not recommended, since certain programs create problems on a private network (BlackIce Defender, Norton Internet Security, and ZoneAlarm, for example).

Reference

A

This appendix contains information about various topics, including accessing information about your Windows computer.

Locating Computer Information

The following procedure is valid for computers running Windows 98 SE, Me, NT 4.0, 2000, and XP.

1. From the desktop, right-click on **My Computer**.
2. Select **Properties** from the menu that appears.
3. When the “System Properties” window appears, select **General**.
The version of the operating system, processor type, and amount of RAM installed in the computer are listed here.
4. Close the System Properties window.
5. From the desktop, double-click on **My Computer**.
6. Right-click the icon representing your hard disk. For example: Local Disk (C:). Some computers have multiple hard disks.
7. From the menu that appears, select **Properties**.
8. When the window appears, select **General**.
9. The free space value is the available space on the hard disk.
10. Close all windows.

Locating Windows Operating System Files

If the operating system files reside on the hard drive of the computer, follow the instructions below to locate them. If the files are not on the hard drive, they must be loaded from the installation disks.

Windows 98 SE

1. From the desktop, click **Start**.
2. When the menu appears, select **Find**, then **Files or Folders**.
3. When the “Find: All Files” window appears, select **Name & Location**.
4. In the “Named” text box, enter:
*** .cab**
5. Click the **down arrow** next to the “Look In” text box and select **My Computer** from the list that appears.
6. Click **Find Now**.
7. When the search is complete, note the directory path that appears most often in the “In Folder” column. For example: C:\WINDOWS \SYSTEM.
8. The Windows operating system files are located in this directory. Write down the directory path for future reference.
9. Close the Find: All Files window.

Windows Me, 2000

1. From the desktop, click **Start**.
2. Select **Search**, then **For Files and Folders**.
- 3a. Windows Me: The “Search Results” window appears. In the “Search for files or folders named” text box, enter:
*** .cab**
- 3b. Windows 2000: The “Search Results” window appears. In the “Search for files or folders named” text box, enter:

4. Click the **down arrow** next to the “Look in” text box and select **My Computer** from the list that appears.
5. Click **Search Now**.
- 6a. Windows Me: When the search is complete, note the directory path that appears most often in the “In Folder” column. For example:
C:\WINDOWS\OPTIONS\INSTALL.
- 6b. Windows 2000: When the search is complete, note the directory path that appears most often in the “In Folder” column. For example:
C:\WINNT\Driver Cache.
7. The Windows operating system files are located in this directory. Write down the directory path for future reference.
8. Close the Search Results window.

Windows NT 4.0

1. From the desktop, click **Start**.
2. When the menu appears, select **Find**, then **Files or Folders**.
3. When the “Find: All Files” window appears, select **Name & Location**.
4. In the “Named” text box, enter:
i386
5. Click the **down arrow** next to the “Look In” text box and select **My Computer** from the list that appears.
6. Click **Find Now**.
7. When the search is complete, note the directory path that appears most often in the “In Folder” column. For example: C:\.
8. The Windows operating system files are located in this directory. Write down the directory path (followed by “i386”) for future reference.
9. Close the Find: All Files window.

Windows Me, 2000

1. From the desktop, click **Start**.
2. Select **Search**, then **For Files and Folders**.
3. The “Search Results” window appears. In the panel at left titled “What do you want to search for?”, click **All files and folders**.
4. Another panel, titled “Search by any or all of the criteria below” appears. In the “Look in” text box, click the **down arrow** and select **My Computer** from the menu that appears.
5. In the “All or part of the file name” text box, enter:
i386
6. Click **Search**.
7. When the search is complete, note the directory path that appears most often in the “In Folder” column. For example: C:\WINDOWS\Driver Cache\.
8. The Windows operating system files are located in this directory. Write down the directory path (followed by “\i386”) for future reference.
9. Close the Search Results window.

Setting Up Static IP on the Computer

B

To communicate with the Gateway from a computer on the network (to use the Web Configuration Utility, for example), the user may have to switch the IP address settings from DHCP-enabled to static IP, so that the computer and the Gateway are on the same network subnet.

To set up static IP on a computer, select the operating system and follow the instructions.

 **Note:** The following procedures are based on the Gateway's factory default IP address. If the Gateway's IP address has been changed, enter the new IP address when instructed to enter an IP address.

Windows 98 SE

1. From the desktop, click on the **Start** button in the lower left corner.
2. From the menu that appears, select **Settings**.



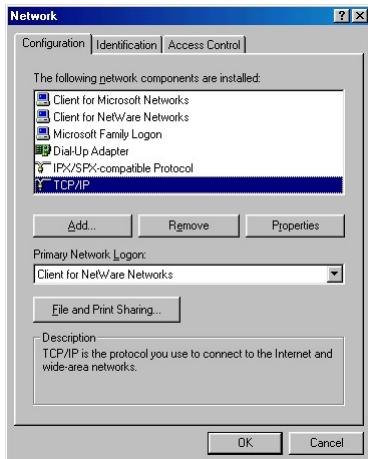
3. Another menu appears. Select **Control Panel**.



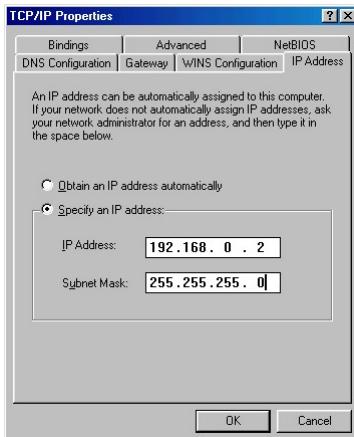
4. When the “Control Panel” window appears, double-click **Network**.



5. The “Network” window appears. In the “The following network components are installed” list box, locate and double-click TCP/IP.



6. The “TCP/IP Properties” window appears. Select IP Address.



7. In the IP Address tab, make sure the circle next to “Specify an IP Address” is selected. When active, a black dot appears in the circle. If the circle already contains a black dot, leave it alone.

8. Enter the following address in the “IP Address” text box:
192.168.0.2

Enter the periods in the address by pressing the space bar on the keyboard.

9. Enter the following address in the “Subnet mask” text box:

255.255.255.0

Enter the periods in the address by pressing the space bar on the keyboard.

10. Click **OK**. The TCP/IP Properties window disappears.

11. In the Network window, click **OK**. The Network window disappears.

12. The “System Settings Change” window appears, asking whether the computer should be restarted. Click **Yes**.



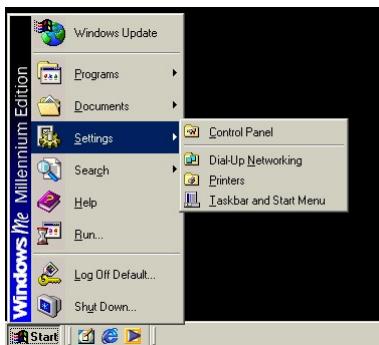
The computer restarts. It is now set up with a static IP address, allowing access to the Gateway's Web Configuration Utility.

Windows Me

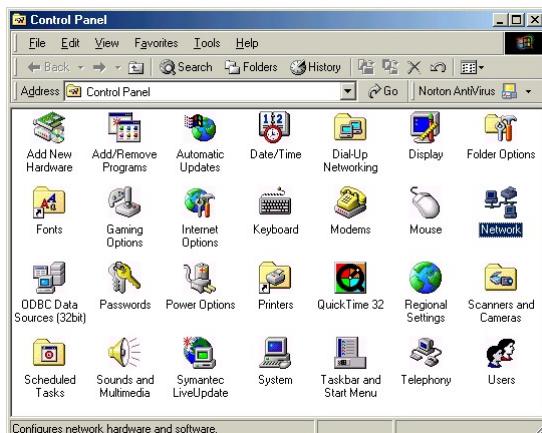
1. From the desktop, click on the **Start** button in the lower left corner.
2. From the menu that appears, select **Settings**.



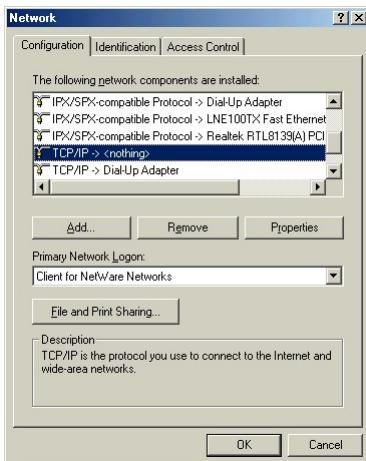
3. Another menu appears. Select Control Panel.



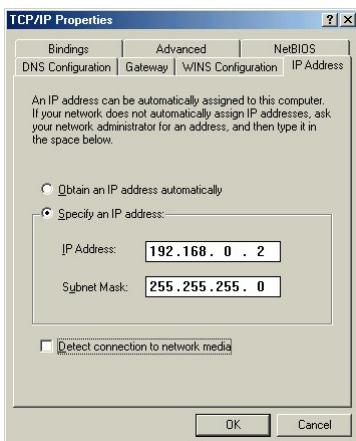
4. When the “Control Panel” window appears, double-click Network.



5. The “Network” window appears. In the “The following network components are installed” list box, locate and double-click TCP/IP.



6. The “TCP/IP Properties” window appears. Click IP Address.



7. In the IP Address tab, make sure the circle next to “Specify an IP Address” is selected. When active, a black dot appears in the circle. If the circle already contains a black dot, leave it alone.

8. Enter the following address in the “IP Address” text box:
192.168.0.2

Enter the periods in the address by pressing the space bar on the keyboard.

9. Enter the following address in the “Subnet mask” text box:

255.255.255.0

Enter the periods in the address by pressing the space bar on the keyboard.

10. Click **OK**. The TCP/IP Properties window disappears.

11. If there is a check in the box next to “Detect connection to network media,” click on it to uncheck the box.

12. In the Network window, click **OK**. The Network window disappears.

13. The “System Settings Change” window appears, asking whether the computer should be restarted. Click **Yes**.



The computer restarts. It is now set up with a static IP address, allowing access to the Gateway's Advanced Setup utility.

Windows 2000

1. From the desktop, click on the **Start** button in the lower left corner.
2. From the menu that appears, select **Settings**.



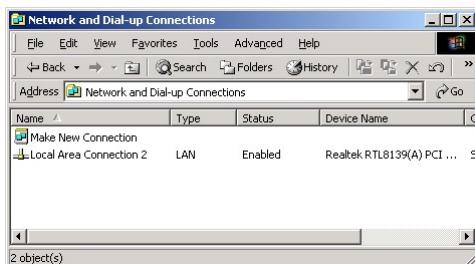
3. Another menu appears. Select **Control Panel**.



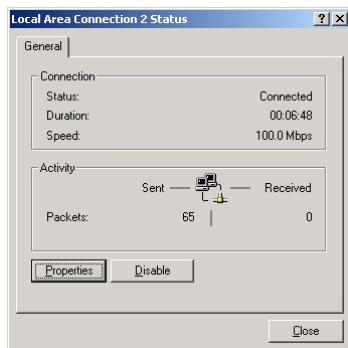
4. When the “Control Panel” window appears, double-click **Network and Dial-up Connections**.



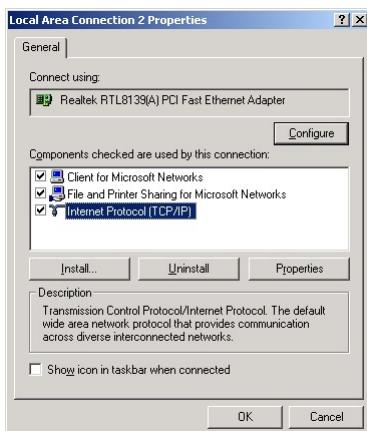
5. In the “Network and Dial-up Connections” window, double-click **Local Area Connection**. A number may be displayed after the Local Area Connection. If more than one Local Area Connection is listed, locate the one that corresponds to the network card installed in the computer by finding the name of the network card in the **Device Name** column.



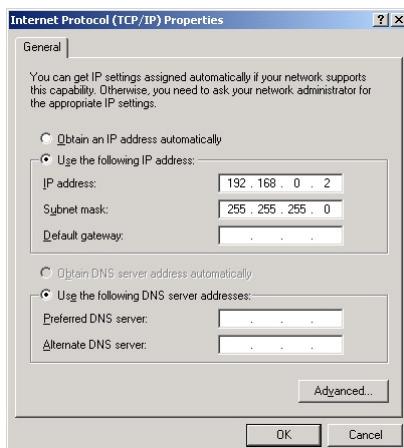
6. The “Local Area Connection Status” window appears. Select **General**, then click **Properties**.



7. The “Local Area Connection Properties” window appears. Click **General**.
8. In the “Components checked are used by this connection” list box, double-click **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)**.



9. The “Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties” window appears.



10. In the **General** tab, make sure the circle next to “Use the following IP Address” is selected. When active, a black dot appears in the circle. If the circle already contains a black dot, leave it alone.
11. Enter the following address in the “IP Address” text box:
192.168.0.2
Enter the periods in the address by pressing the space bar on the keyboard.

12. Enter the following address in the “Subnet mask” text box:

255.255.255.0

Enter the periods in the address by pressing the space bar on the keyboard.

13. Click **OK**. The “Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties” window disappears.

14 In the “Local Area Connection Properties” window, click **OK**. The Local Area Connection Properties window disappears.

15. Click **Close** in the Local Area Connection Status window. The window disappears.

16. Close the Network and Dial-up Connections window by clicking on the “x” button at the upper right corner of the window.

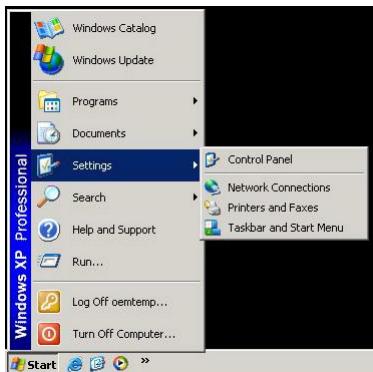
The computer is now set up with a static IP address, allowing access to the Gateway’s Web Configuration Utility.

Windows XP

1. From the desktop, click on the **Start** button in the lower left corner.
2. From the menu that appears, select **Settings**.



3. Another menu appears. Select **Control Panel**.



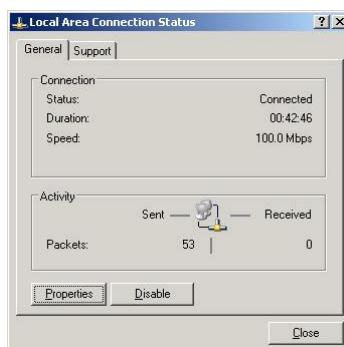
4. When the “Control Panel” window appears, double-click **Network Connections**.



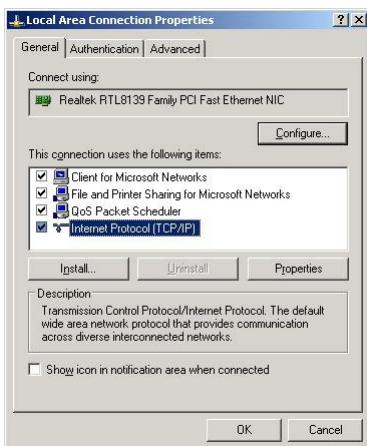
5. In the “Network Connections” window, double-click **Local Area Connection**. A number may be displayed after the Local Area Connection. If more than one Local Area Connection is listed, locate the one that corresponds to the network card installed in your computer by finding the name of the network card in the **Device Name** column.



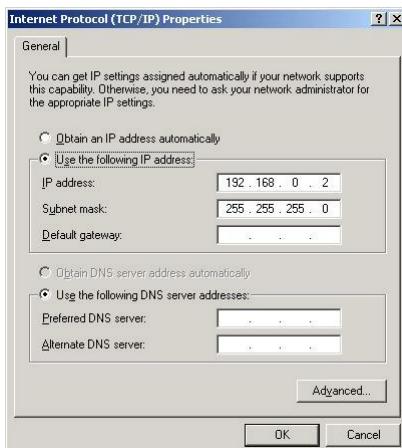
6. The “Local Area Connection Status” window appears. Select **General**, then click **Properties**.



7. The “Local Area Connection Properties” window appears. Select **General**.
8. In the “Components checked are used by this connection” list box, double-click **Internet Protocol (TCP/IP)**.



9. The “Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties” window appears.



10. In the **General** tab, make sure the circle next to “Use the following IP Address” is selected. When active, a black dot appears in the circle. If the circle already contains a black dot, leave it alone.

11. Enter the following address in the “IP Address” text box:

192.168.0.2

Enter the periods in the address by pressing the space bar on the keyboard.

12. Enter the following address in the “Subnet mask” text box:

255.255.255.0

Enter the periods in the address by pressing the space bar on the keyboard.

13. Click **OK**. The Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) Properties window disappears.

14 In the Local Area Connection Properties window, click **Close**. The Local Area Connection Properties window disappears.

15. Click **Close** in the Local Area Connection Status window. The window disappears.

16. Close the Network and Dial-up Connections window by clicking on the “x” button at the upper right corner of the window.

The computer is now set up with a static IP address, allowing access to the Gateway’s Web Configuration Utility.

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Computer Security



The Internet is a giant network of computers located all over the world. When a computer is connected to the Internet, it can exchange information with any other computer on the Internet. This allows a computer user to send E-mail, surf the World Wide Web, download files, and buy products and services online, but it also makes the computer vulnerable to attack from persons intent on doing harm. Unless access to the computer is controlled, someone on the Internet can access the information on the computer and steal, damage, or destroy that information.

Actiontec recommends securing your computer from unwanted intrusion. Security is ultimately the end user's responsibility. Please secure your computer, and don't be a victim.

Comparing DSL Service with a Dial-Up Modem

With a dial-up modem, a computer user makes an Internet connection by dialing a telephone number, surfs the Internet for a period of time, and then disconnects the dial-up modem. No one on the Internet can access a computer not connected to the Internet.

Unlike a dial-up modem, DSL service is "always connected." The connection is always available – there is no need to dial a phone number to access the Internet. The computer can be connected to the Internet all the time.

With both types of Internet connections, access to the computer must be controlled to make sure someone on the Internet doesn't access the information on the computer. The longer the computer is connected to the Internet, the easier it is for someone on the Internet to find the computer and attempt to access it without permission. DSL service also provides fast Internet connections. This not only improves Internet performance, it also improves Internet performance for anyone attempting to access the computer.

Gateway Security

If connecting to the ISP through Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP), be sure to provide the Gateway an administrative password. If a password is not set, someone on the Internet can access the Gateway and change its configuration or steal your PPP login name and password. For instructions on setting the password, see the “Advanced Setup” chapter.

If connecting to the ISP through bridging mode, the Gateway should be safe from unwarranted and illegal intrusion.

Computer Security

To protect the valuable information on the computer, review the following topics. These topics cover software programs and operating system features affecting the security of the computer’s data.

Anti-Virus Programs

The computer should have an anti-virus program, and the virus definitions should be updated on a regular basis – at least once a month.

E-Mail Attachments

Never run a program received as an attachment to an E-mail message unless the program is known to be safe. A program from an unknown source can delete all the files on the computer’s hard disk or install a “back door” software application that lets people on the Internet gain access to the computer without permission.

Internet Browsers

Always exit the Internet browser (Internet Explorer or Netscape Navigator, for example). Never “minimize” the browser or leave it open in the background. Breaking into a computer is easier when an Internet browser is running.

Network Applications

Network applications (such as software programs) that allow remote access to the computer also make the computer vulnerable to access from other people on the Internet. If using a network application that allows remote access, consider installing a firewall.

Electronic Security

Here are two methods to secure your computer electronically.

Network Address Translation

If a local area network and a PPP connection to the ISP using dynamic IP addresses through a DHCP server are being used, Network Address Translation (NAT) is being used. NAT provides a very basic level of security.

Firewalls

The safest way to prevent attacks on the computer is through a firewall – a hardware device or software program that protects the computer from unauthorized access by controlling who can access your computer and by monitoring the transmissions between the computer and the Internet.

Windows XP has a built-in firewall. For more information, select **Help and Support Center** from the Help menu. Search for **Internet Connection Firewall**.

If Windows 98 SE, Me, NT 4.0, or 2000 is running on the computer, consider installing a firewall. Hardware and software firewall products are changing rapidly as more homes and businesses establish high-speed digital connections between their local area networks and the Internet.

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Specifications

D

General

Model Number

GT701WG-00 (54 Mbps Wireless DSL Gateway)

Standards

IEEE 802.3 (10BaseT)
IEEE 802.3u (100BaseTX)
IEEE 802.11g (Wireless)
G.dmt
G.lite
t1.413
RFC 1483, 2364, 2516

Protocol

LAN - CSMA/CD
WAN - PPP, DHCP, Static IP

WAN

Full-rate ADSL Interface

LAN

10/100 RJ-45 switched port
USB port

Speed

LAN Ethernet: 10/100 Mbps auto-sensing
Wireless: 802.11g 54 Mbps optimal (see "Wireless Operating Range" for details)

Cabling Type

Ethernet 10BaseT: UTP/STP Category 3 or 5

Ethernet 100BaseTX: UTP/STP Category 5

USB

Wireless Operating Range

Indoors

Up to 91 M (300 ft.)

Outdoors

Up to 533 M (1750 ft.)

Topology

Star (Ethernet)

LED Indicators

Power, DSL, Internet, Ethernet, USB, Wireless

Environmental

Power

External, 12V DC, 600mA

Certifications

FCC Class B, FCC Class C (part 15, 68), CE Mark Commercial, UL

Operating Temperature

0° C to 40° C (32° F to 104° F)

Storage Temperature

-20° C to 70° C (-4° F to 158° F)

Operating Humidity

10% to 85% (non-condensing)

Storage Humidity

5% to 90% (non-condensing)



Note: Specifications are subject to change without notice.

Glossary



Access Point

A device that allows wireless clients to connect to one another. An access point can also act as a bridge between wireless clients and a “wired” network, such as an Ethernet network. Wireless clients can be moved anywhere within the coverage area of the access point and remain connected to the network. If connected to an Ethernet network, the access point monitors Ethernet traffic and forwards appropriate Ethernet messages to the wireless network, while also monitoring wireless traffic and forwarding wireless client messages to the Ethernet network.

ATM (Asynchronous Transfer Mode)

A networking technology based on transferring data in fixed-size packets.

Client

A desktop or mobile computer connected to a network.

DHCP (Dynamic Host Configuration Protocol)

A protocol designed to automatically assign an IP address to every computer on the network.

DNS (Domain Name System) Server Address

Allows Internet host computers to have a domain name and one or more IP addresses. A DNS server keeps a database of host computers and their respective domain names and IP addresses so that when a user enters a domain name into a Web browser, the user is sent to the proper IP address. The DNS server address used by computers on the home network corresponds to the location of the DNS server the ISP has assigned.

DSL (Digital Subscriber Line) Modem

A modem that uses existing phone lines to transmit data at high speeds.

Encryption

A method to provide wireless data transmissions a level of security.

ESSID (Extended Service Set Identifier)

A unique identifier for a wireless network. Also known as “SSID.”

Ethernet Network

A standard wired networking configuration using cables and hubs.

Firewall

A method preventing users outside the network from accessing and/or damaging files or computers on the network.

Gateway

A central device that manages the data traffic of the network, as well as data traffic to and from the Internet.

IP (Internet Protocol) Address

A series of four numbers separated by periods identifying a unique Internet computer host.

ISP Gateway Address

An IP address for the Internet router. This address is only required when using a cable or DSL modem.

ISP (Internet Service Provider)

A business that allows individuals or businesses to connect to the Internet.

LAN (Local Area Network)

A group of computers and devices connected together in a relatively small area (such as a house or an office). A home network is considered a LAN.

MAC (Media Access Control) Address

The unique hardware address of a device connected to a network.

NAT (Network Address Translation)

A method allowing all of the computers on a home network to use one IP address, enabling access to the Internet from any computer on the home network without having to purchase more IP addresses from the ISP.

PC Card

An adapter that inserts in the PCMCIA slot of a computer, enabling the communication with a device.

PPPoE (Point-To-Point Protocol over Ethernet)/ PPPoA (Point-To-Point Protocol over ATM)

Methods of secure data transmission.

Router

A central device that manages the data traffic of the network.

Subnet Mask

A set of four numbers configured like an IP address used to create IP address numbers used only within a particular network.

SSID

See “ESSID.”

TCP/IP (Transmission Control Protocol/Internet Protocol)

The standard protocol for data transmission over the Internet.

WAN (Wide Area Network)

A network that connects computers located in separate areas, (i.e., different buildings, cities, countries). The Internet is a WAN.

WECA (Wireless Ethernet Compatibility Alliance)

An industry group that certifies cross-vender interoperability and compatibility of IEEE 802.11b wireless networking products and promotes the standard for enterprise, small business, and home environments.

WLAN (Wireless Local Area Network)

A group of computers and other devices connected wirelessly in a small area.

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Firewall Security Level Services Table

F

The following information is related to the Firewall options (High, Medium, and Low) section in the “Advanced Setup” chapter of this manual (see page 56). The types of services and their respective ports are listed in the two right-hand columns: the “In” column details whether a particular service can be accessed by a user outside of the network; and the “Out” column details whether a computer on the Gateway’s network can access a particular incoming service.

For example, in the “High Security Level” section below, the **http** service uses **port 80**. Since **no** is listed in the **In** column, a user outside the Gateway’s network cannot access a computer on the network via the http service; in this case, no computers on the network can be used as a Web server (i.e., to host a Web site accessible to outside users). However, since **yes** is listed in the **Out** column, all computers on the Gateway’s network can access the Internet via the http port.

If Basic Security is selected in the “Firewall” screen, firewall filtering is based on the basic NAT firewall.

High Security Level

Service	Port	In	Out
http	80	no	yes
dns	53	no	yes
ftp	21	no	no
telnet	23	no	no
smtp	25	yes	yes
pop3	110	yes	yes
nntp	119	no	no
real audio/video	7070	no	no
icmp	n/a	no	yes
H.323	1720	no	no
T.120	1503	no	no
SSH	22	no	no
imap	163	yes	yes
https	443	yes	yes
secure imap	983	yes	yes
secur pop3	885	yes	yes

Medium Security Level

Service	Port	In	Out
http	80	no	yes
dns	53	no	yes
ftp	21	no	yes
telnet	23	no	yes
smtp	25	yes	yes
pop3	110	yes	yes
nntp	119	no	yes
real audio/video	7070	yes	yes
icmp	n/a	no	yes
H.323	1720	no	yes
T.120	1503	yes	yes
SSH	22	no	yes
imap	163	yes	yes
https	443	yes	yes
secure imap	983	yes	yes
secure pop3	885	yes	yes

Low Security Level

Service	Port	In	Out
http	80	no	yes
dns	53	yes	yes
ftp	21	no	yes
telnet	23	no	yes
smtp	25	yes	yes
pop3	110	yes	yes
nntp	119	no	yes
real audio/video	7070	no	yes
icmp	n/a	yes	yes
H.323	1720	yes	yes
T.120	1503	yes	yes
SSH	22	yes	yes
imap	163	yes	yes
https	443	yes	yes
secure imap	983	yes	yes
secure pop3	885	yes	yes

Basic Security Level

NAT (Network Address Translation) only.

Service Acronym Definitions

http

HyperText Transfer Protocol. This protocol delivers information over the Internet, and is used when a computer connects to a Web site via an Internet browser.

dns

Domain Name System. A data query system used to translate host names into Internet addresses (i.e., www.somewebsite.com translates to 888.999.000.111).

ftp

File Transfer Protocol. A protocol used to transfer files over the Internet.

telnet

An Internet communications protocol enabling one computer to function as a terminal working from another (remote) computer.

smtp

Simple Mail Transfer Protocol. A protocol used to transfer E-mail between computers over the Internet. Can be used to send and receive mail.

pop3

Post Office Protocol 3. Another protocol used to transfer E-mail between computers. Usually employs a pop3 server, and is used to receive mail only.

nntp

Network News Transfer Protocol. A protocol used to distribute and retrieve news articles over the Internet.

real audio/video

A protocol used to transfer Real Audio or Real Video files.

icmp

Internet Control Message Protocol. Allows error messages, text packages, and informational messages to be transferred over the Internet.

H.323

A standard protocol for sending audio and video over the Internet.

T.120

A standard protocol for multimedia teleconferencing over the Internet.

SSH

Secure Shell. A method for the secure transfer of files from another computer. Also enables remote capabilities (terminal, log in, etc.).

imap

Internet Message Access Protocol. A protocol for retrieving E-mail messages.

https

HyperText Transfer Protocol using Secure Socket Layer. A secure version of the protocol that delivers information over the Internet.

Non-Windows System Setup



The Gateway supports both the Classic Macintosh operating systems (9.2.2 and below), as well as OS X.



Note: When installing any software, consult the user manual and help files supplied with the software for detailed information.
Actiontec provides the following information as a guideline only.

Classic

To configure the Gateway, Open Transport 2.5.2 or above must be loaded on the computer.

1. Click Apple, Control Panels, then TCP/IP.



2. When the “TCP/IP” window appears, select **Edit** from menu bar, then select **User Mode**.
3. When the “User Mode” window appears, select **Advanced**, then click **OK**.
4. In the “TCP/IP” window, select **Ethernet** from the “Connect via” drop-down list.
5. Select **Using DHCP Server** from the “Configure” drop-down list.
6. Ensure the “Use 802.3” option is **not** checked.
7. Disregard any addresses in the IP Address text boxes. They will be reacquired when the first connection is made.
8. Click **Options** and when the “TCP/IP Options” window appears, select **Active**. Ensure the “Load only when needed” option is **not** checked, then click **OK**.
9. Close the “TCP/IP” window and when prompted to save changes, click **Save**.
10. Restart the computer. The TCP/IP settings are configured.

To finish setting up the computer to connect with the Gateway, follow the instructions in chapter 3, “Performing a Basic Setup,” on page 33.

OS X

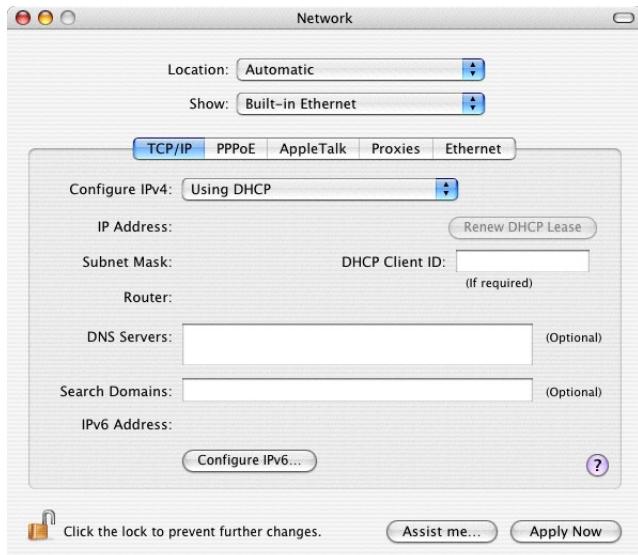
- From the Apple Menu, select System Preferences.



- When the “System Preferences” window appears, click Network.



3. The Network window appears. Select **Built-In Ethernet** from the “Show” drop-down list.



4. Select **TCP/IP** and, from the “Configure” drop-down list, select **Using DHCP**.

5. Click **Apply Now** and close the “System Preferences” application. The TCP/IP settings are configured.

To finish setting up the computer to connect with the Gateway, follow the instructions in chapter 3, “Performing a Basic Setup,” on page 33.

Installation Buddy Settings

H

The following information relates to step 3 of the Installation Buddy (see pages 8 and 16). The letters correspond to the following settings:

A

Default Mode - PPPoE
Default VPI - 0
Default VCI - 35

B

Default Mode - PPPoA
Default VPI - 0
Default VCI - 35

C

Default Mode - PPPoE
Default VPI - 8
Default VCI - 35

D

Default Mode - PPPoA
Default VPI - 8
Default VCI - 35

E

Default Mode - PPPoE
Default VPI - 0
Default VCI - 32

F

Default Mode - PPPoA

Default VPI - 0

Default VCI - 32

Notices

Regulatory Compliance Notices

Class B Equipment

This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to Part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses, and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by implementing one or more of the following measures:

- Reorient or relocate the receiving antenna;
- Increase the separation between the equipment and receiver;
- Connect the equipment to an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected;
- Consult the dealer or an experienced radio or television technician for help.

Modifications

The FCC requires the user to be notified that any changes or modifications made to this device that are not expressly approved by Actiontec Electronics, Inc., may void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

Declaration of conformity for products marked with the FCC logo – United States only.

This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions:

1. This device may not cause harmful interference;

2. This device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause unwanted operation.

 **Note:** To comply with FCC RF exposure compliance requirements, the antenna used for this transmitter must be installed to provide a separation distance of at least 20 cm from all persons and must not be co-located or operating in conjunction with any other antenna or transmitter.

For questions regarding your product or the FCC declaration, contact:

Actiontec Electronics, Inc.
760 North Mary Ave.
Sunnyvale, CA 94086
United States
Tel: (408) 752-7700
Fax: (408) 541-9005

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Actiontec Electronics’ sole obligation under this express warranty shall be, at Actiontec’s option and expense, to repair the defective product or part, deliver to Customer an equivalent product or part to replace the defective item, or if neither of the two foregoing options is reasonably available, Actiontec Electronics may, in its sole discretion, refund to Customer the purchase price paid for the defective product. All products that are replaced will become the property of Actiontec Electronics, Inc. Replacement products may be new or reconditioned. Actiontec Electronics warrants any replaced or repaired product or part for ninety (90) days from shipment, or the remainder of the initial warranty period, whichever is longer.

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Return the product to:

(In the United States)

Actiontec Electronics, Inc.

760 North Mary Avenue

Sunnyvale, CA 94086

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Dispute Resolution: The customer may contact the Director of Technical Support in the event the Customer is not satisfied with *Actiontec Electronics*' response to the complaint. In the event that the Customer is still not satisfied with the response of the Director of Technical Support, the Customer is instructed to contact the Director of Marketing. In the event that the Customer is still not satisfied with the response of the Director of Marketing, the Customer is instructed to contact the Chief Financial Officer and/or President.

Governing Law: This Limited Warranty shall be governed by the laws of the State of California, U.S.A., excluding its conflicts of laws and principles, and excluding the United Nations Convention on Contracts for the International Sale of Goods.